

PROPOSAL FOR SECRETARIAT ASSISTANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2013 - 14

Submitted to:

SSTP DIVISION,
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
TECHNOLOGY BHAWAN,
NEW MEHRAULI ROAD, NEW DELHI - 110016

Submitted by:

SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
DEVELOPMENT AREA, GANGTOK
EAST SIKKIM - 737101

PROPOSAL FOR SECRETARIAT ASSISTANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2013-14

SUMMARY SHEET

NAME OF THE INSTITUTE: SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

1. PROPOSED BY: T.B.GURUNG

2. ADDRESS: MEMBER SECRETARY
SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
DEVELOPMENT AREA-, GANGTOK, EAST SIKKIM 737101

PHONE (O): 03592-20551

E MAIL: secydst@gmail.com

FAX: 03592 208764

3. Sanction letter to be addresses to: :Member Secretary
Address same as above

4. Document to be attached:

Objective of the SSCS&T : YES

Composition of SSCS&T: Copy of the State Govt. Notification attached/ YES

Composition of Executive Body: Copy of the State Govt. Notification attached /YES

2. SUMMARY OF THE BUDGET FOR SECRETARIAT SUPPORT FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2013-14

Rupees in Lakhs

A. RECURRING EXPENDITURE:

a. Man Power:	73.97
b. Travelling Expenses	5.00
c. Other Misc. Office expenses	5.00

Total A:	83.97
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B. NON-RECURRING EXPENDITURE:

a. Office Equipment to be purchase	2.00
b. Seed Money for projectization	5.00

Total B:	6.00
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LIABILITY OF PREVIOUS YEAR 2012-13

Recurring (unspent balance)	19.34
a. Manpower	
b. Travelling Expenses	
c. Office Expenses	
• Please refer UC/SE for the financial year 2011-12	

Total C	71.63
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(Rupees Seventy one lakhs and sixty three thousand) only

FINANCIAL OUTLAY/ BUDGET (LAKHS) 2013-14

- a) TOTAL STATE S&T OUTLAY FOR SALARY: 126.00 lakhs
- b) TOTAL OUTLAY FROM STATE GOVT. FOR
S&T PROGRAMMES/ SCHEMES PROMOTED: 49.00 lakhs
- c) TOTAL OUTLAY FOR S & T SECRETARAIAT
I. STATE SHARE OF OUTLAY FOR S&T SECRETARIAT: 20.00 lakhs
II DST (GOI) SHARE OF OUTLAY FOR SECRETARIAT 90.97 lakhs
(Salary + TE + OE +Equipment)
- d) MOBILISATION RATIO: 5:1
Amount at 5 (C) II & Amount 5 (C) I
- e) State Authority approving the proposal & budget:

MEMBER SECRETARY
SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

Reference No: 159/SSCS&T/2012

Dated: 22.07.2013

(Signature of Proposer)
Name: T.B.GURUNG
Designation: Member Secretary
Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology
Date: 22.07.2013

**UTILISATION CERTIFICATE FOR THE FUND PROVIDED BY DST, GOVERNMENT OF
INDIA UNDER SECRETARIAT ASSISTANCE FOR FINANCIAL YEAR- 2012-13**

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Title of the project: | STATE COUNCIL SECRETARIAT ASSISTANCE |
| 2. Name of the Institution: | SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY |
| 3. Principal Investigator: | MEMBER SECRETARY |
| 4. Department of Science &
Technology Letter No.: | DST/SIKKIM-S&T/2K10-Scctt. |
| 5. Date of sanctioning the project: | 26.12.2012 |
| 6. Head of account as given in the
Original sanction letter: | 3425-60-60-200-27-27.00.31
(Grant-in-aid 2012-13) |
| 7. Amount received during the
Financial Year: | Rs. 87.00 lakhs |
| 8. Total Amount that was available
for expenditure (Excluding commitments)
during the financial year: | Rs. 88.37 lakhs |
| 9. Actual expenditure incurred
during the Financial Year 2012- 13
up to 31 st March): | Rs. 69.03 lakhs |
| 10. Balance amount available at
the end of financial year: | Rs. 19.34 lakhs |
| 11. Unspent balance refunded if any: | |
| 12. Amount to be carried forward to
financial year (if applicable, for 2013-14) : | Rs. 19.34 lakhs |

Project -In-Charge

Drawing & Disbursing Officer

Member Secretary

EXPENDITURE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 2012-13

(Fig.in lacs)

Sl. No	Head of Accounts	Grant Received	Expenditure	Balance
A	<u>Recurring Expenditure</u>			
	a. Manpower	80.37	64.96	15.41
	b. Travel Expenses	3.00	02.34	0.66
	c. Office Expenses	3.00	1.73	1.27
	Total	86.37	69.03	17.34
B	Non- Recurring Expenditure	2.00	---	2.00
	Total (A+B)	88.37	69.24	19.34

Project -In-Charge

Drawing & Disbursing Officer

Member Secretary

UTILISATION CERTIFICATE

Certified that out of Rs 88.37 lakhs (Rupees eighty eight lakhs thirty seven thousand) only of grants-in-aid sanctioned during the year 2012-13 in favour of Assistance for S&T Secretariat to the Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology under this Ministry/Department Letter No: DST/Sikkim-S&T/2K10-Sectt(G)/12 and Rs 19.34 (Rupees nineteen lakhs thirty four thousand) only on account of unspent balance of the previous year a sum of Rs 69.03 (Rupees sixty nine lakhs three thousand) only has been utilized for the purpose of Assistance for S & T Secretariat for which it was sanctioned and that the balance of Rs 19.34 (Rupees nineteen lakhs thirty four thousand) only remaining unutilized at the end of the year will be adjusted towards the grants-in-aid payable during the next year i.e 2013-14

Signature of Principal
Investigator
Date

Signature of Registrar/
Accounts Officer
with date

Signature of Head
of the Institute
with date

(TO BE FILLED IN BY DST)

- 2 Certified that I have satisfied myself that the conditions on which the grants-in –aid was sanctioned have been fulfilled / are being fulfilled and that I have exercised the following checks to see that the money was actually utilized for the purpose for which it was sanctioned:-

Kinds of checks exercised

1

2

3

4

5

Signature
Designation
Date

ANNEXURE- II

(Fig. In Lakhs)

Sl. No	Sanctioned Heads	Funds Allocated (2012-13)	Expenditure Incurred during last Financial year	Balance Amount as on (date)	Requirement of fund for current financial year (2013-14)	Remarks (if any)
I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII
1	Salaries	80.37	64.96	15.41	73.97	
2	Travel	3.00	2.34	0.66	5.00	
3	Office Expenses	3.00	1.73	1.27	5.00	
4	Non-Recurring					
5	Office Equipment to be purchase	2.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	
a	Seed money for projectization				5.00	
b	Funds needed for publication of Research reports					
c	Others (If any)	(+) 1.37				Unspent balance of (2011-12)
6	Total	88.37	69.03	19.34	90.97	

Total Requirement of fund for current financial year 2013-14

Rs. 90.97 Lakhs

Unspent balance of previous year 2012-13Rs. 19.34 Lakhs**Net amount required for current financial year 2013-14****Rs 71.61 Lakhs**

Name & Signature
Principal Investigator
Date:

Signature of Competent Financial Authority
Date:

DETAILS OF MANPOWER FROM SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY WHO ARE DRAWING SALARY FROM SECRETARIAT ASSISTANCE FROM DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA FOR THE YEAR 2013-2014

SL. NO	NAME OF POST	NO. OF POST	FILLED POST	VACANT POSTS
1	Director	01	-	01
2	Additional Director	03	03	00
3	Assistance Scientific Officer	03	03	00
4	Account Officer	01	00	01
5	Accountant	01	01	00
6	Secretariat Assistant	01	01	00
7	Editorial Assistance	01	01	00
8	Library Assistance	01	01	00
9	Data Entry Operator	01	01	00
10	Peon	01	01	00

SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY , DEVELOPMENT AREA, GANGTOK

Projected Salary for Block Year 2013-14

SL. No.	Name	Designation	Total Salary Drawn from 1st April 2013 to 31st March 2014														Total Salary of 12 Months
			Sanction Scale of Pay	April	May	June	July-3% increment	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
2	Sri B.C. Basistha	Additional Director	PPB	30,420	30,420	30,420	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	Gross total salary	
			GP	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	
			SBCA	3,912	3,912	3,912	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	
			HRA	5,868	5,868	5,868	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	
			DA(72%)	28,166	28,166	28,166	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016
			Total	77,066	77,066	77,066	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	945,717		
															D.A 15%	141,858	
															Pension contribution 12%	57,607	
															Leave Salary Contribution 11%	52,807	
															G. Total	1,197,989	

3	Shri D.G Shrestha	Additional Director	PPB	30,420	30,420	30,420	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	Gross total salary
			GP	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	
			SBCA	3,912	3,912	3,912	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	
			HRA	5,868	5,868	5,868	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	
			DA(72%)	28,166	28,166	28,166	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	
			Total	77,066	77,066	77,066	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	945,717
															D.A 15%	141,858
															Pension contribution 12%	57,607
															Leave Salary Contribution 11%	52,807
															G. Total	1,197,989

SL. No.	Name	Designation	Total Salary Drawn from 1st April 2013 to 31st March 2014														Total Salary of 12 Months		
	2	3	Sanction Scale of Pay	4	5	6	7	8	9	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March			
4	Sri D.T. Bhutia	Additional Director	PPB		30,420	30,420	30,420	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	31,600	Gross total salary	
			GP		8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700		
			SBCA		2248	2248	2248	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316		
			HRA		5,868	5,868	5,868	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045	6,045		
			DA(72%)		28,166	28,166	28,166	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016	29,016		
			Total		77,066	77,066	77,066	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391	79,391		945,717
																			D.A 15%
																Pension contribution 12%	57,607		
																Leave Salary Contribution 11%	52,807		
																	G. Total	1,197,989	

5	Shri K.B. Subba	Sr. R.A.	PPB	17,480	17,480	17,480	18160	18160	18160	18160	18160	18160	18160	18160	18160	Gross total salary
			GP	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	
			SBCA	3,912	3,912	3,912	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	
			HRA	3372	3372	3372	4374	4374	4374	4374	4374	4374	4374	4374	4374	
			DA(72%)	16186	16186	16186	16675	16675	16675	16675	16675	16675	16675	16675	16675	
			Total	44,286	44,286	44,286	45625	45625	45625	45625	45625	45625	45625	45625	45625	533,475
																D.A 15% 41,382
																Pension contribution 12% 33,106
																Leave Salary Contribution 11% 30,347
																G. Total 617,963

SL. No.	Name	Designation	Total Salary Drawn from 1st April 2013 to 31st March 2014													Total Salary of 12 Months
			Sanction Scale of Pay	April	May	June	July-3% increment	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
6	Sri Suman Thapa	ASO	PPB	15,920	15,920	15,920	16,550	16,550	16,550	16,550	16,550	16,550	16,550	16,550	16,550	Gross total salary
			GP	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000		
			SBCA	2092	2092	2092	2155	2155	2155	2155	2155	2155	2155	2155		
			HRA	3138	3138	3138	3233	3233	3233	3233	3233	3233	3233	3233		
			DA(72%)	13599	13599	13599	15516	15516	15516	15516	15516	15516	15516	15516		
			Total	39,748	39,748	39,748	42,454	42,454	42,454	42,454	42,454	42,454	42,454	42,454	42,454	501,330
															D.A 15%	38507
															G. Total	539,837

7	Sri Narpati Sharma	Sr. R.A.	PPB	13,240	13,240	13,240	13,790	13,790	13,790	13,790	13,790	13,790	13,790	13,790	13,790	Gross total salary
			GP	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	
			SBCA	1824	1824	1824	1879	1879	1879	1879	1879	1879	1879	1879	1879	
			HRA	2736	2736	2736	2819	2819	2819	2819	2819	2819	2819	2819	2819	
			DA(72%)	13133	13133	13133	13529	13529	13529	13529	13529	13529	13529	13529	13529	
			Total	35,933	35,933	35,933	37,017	37,017	37,017	37,017	37,017	37,017	37,017	37,017	37,017	
															D.A 15%	440,952
															G. Total	33,575
															G. Total	474,527

SL. No.	Name	Designation	Total Salary Drawn from 1st April 2013 to 31st March 2014														Total Salary of 12 Months
	2	3	Sanction Scale of Pay	April	May	June	July-3% increment	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March		
8	Miss Doma Bhutia	Computer Operator	PPB	10,440	10,440	10,440	10850	10850	10850	10850	10850	10850	10850	10850	10850	Gross total salary	
			GP	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000		
			SBCA	1344	1344	1344	1385	1385	1385	1385	1385	1385	1385	1385	1385		
			HRA	2016	2016	2016	2078	2078	2078	2078	2078	2078	2078	2078	2078		
			DA(72%)	9677	9677	9677	9972	9972	9972	9972	9972	9972	9972	9972	9972		
			Total	26,477	26,477	26,477	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285		27,285
															D.A 15%	24,746	
																G. Total	349,742

9	Mrs. Sonam O. Bhutia	Editorial Assistance	PPB	9890	9890	9890	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	Gross total salary
			GP	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	
			SBCA	1289	1289	1289	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	
			HRA	1934	1934	1934	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	
			DA(72%)	9281	9281	9281	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	
			Total	25,394	25,394	25,394	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	
																311,640
																D.A 15% 23,729
																G. Total 335,369

SL. No.	Name	Desgination	Total Salary Drawn from 1st April 2013 to 31st March 2014														Total Salary of 12 Months		
	2	3	Sanction Scale of Pay	4	5	April	May	June	July-3% increment	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March		
10	Mrs. Neeta Maya Rai	Librarian	PPB		9890	9890	9890	9890	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	10280	Gross total salary
			GP		3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	
			SBCA		1289	1289	1289	1289	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	1328	
			HRA		1934	1934	1934	1934	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	
			DA(72%)		9281	9281	9281	9281	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	9562	
			Total		25,394	25,394	25,394	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	26,162	
																	D.A 15%	23,729	
																		G. Total	335,369

11	Shri Tika Ram Sharma	Peon	PPB	8360	8360	8360	8680	8680	8680	8680	8680	8680	8680	8680	8680	Gross total salary
			GP	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	
			SBCA	1066	1066	1066	1098	1098	1098	1098	1098	1098	1098	1098	1098	
			HRA	1599	1599	1599	1647	1647	1647	1647	1647	1647	1647	1647	1647	
			DA(72%)	7675	7675	7675	7906	7906	7906	7906	7906	7906	7906	7906	7906	
			Total	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,637	21,637	21,637	21,637	21,637	21,637	21,637	21,637	21,637	
															D.A 15%	257,679
															G. Total	19,620
															G. Total	277,299

SL. No.	Name	Designation	Total Salary Drawn from 1st April 2013 to 31st March 2014													Total Salary of 12 Months	
	2	3	Sanction Scale of Pay	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
12	Shri Nabeen Sharma	Computer Operator	PPB		7760	7760	7760	8,090	8,090	8,090	8,090	8,090	8,090	8,090	8,090	8,090	Gross total salary
			GP		3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	
			SBCA		1076	1076	1076	1109	1109	1109	1109	1109	1109	1109	1109	1109	
			HRA		1614	1614	1614	1664	1664	1664	1664	1664	1664	1664	1664	1664	
			DA(72%)		7747	7747	7747	7985	7985	7985	7985	7985	7985	7985	7985	7985	
			Total		21,197	21,197	21,197	21,848	21,848	21,848	21,848	21,848	21,848	21,848	21,848	21,848	
																19,813	
																	280,036

13	Shri Dadul Lepcha	Accounts Clerk	PPB		6600	6600	6600	6880	6880	6880	6880	6880	6880	6880	6880	6880	Gross total salary
			GP		2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	
			SBCA		920	920	920	948	948	948	948	948	948	948	948	948	
			HRA		1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	
			DA(72%)		6624	6624	6624	6826	6826	6826	6826	6826	6826	6826	6826	6826	
			Total		18,244	18,244	18,244	18,754	18,754	18,754	18,754	18,754	18,754	18,754	18,754	18,754	223,518
																D.A 15%	16,938
																G. Total	240,456

Net total salary for the Financial Year 2013-14 = Rs 70,44,565.00

5% Medical Reimbursement

Rs 3,52,230.00

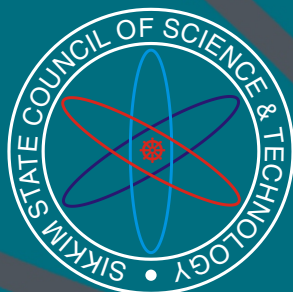
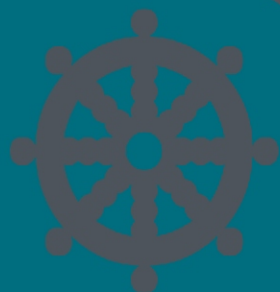
GRAND TOTAL

Rs 73,96,800.00



ANNUAL REPORT

2012-13



SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

An autonomous organisation of Department of Science & Technology
Government of Sikkim

Development Area, Gangtok, Sikkim - 737101

FOREWORD BY MEMBER SECRETARY

It is my privilege to reflect the activities of the Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology in the form of annual report for the year 2012-13. Having joined as Secretary, Department of Science & Technology and Climate Change recently, I must agree that the activities taken up by this Council is worth appreciating as it encompasses the areas and activities which are need based and require focused attention for sustainable development of the State.

The mandate of the Council presents vast areas and opportunities of interventions and investment that suits the local developmental needs without compromising the overall goal of sustainable development, research and development, poverty alleviation as mandated in the bylaws of the Council. Diverse issues of paramount importance are being addressed such as biodiversity and biotechnology, remote sensing technology, transfer of appropriate technology for the benefit of rural as well as urban population and communication and popularization of science. Thus, we must acknowledge the Council's role of serving as a bridge between Science & Technology in one hand and society and state on the other working hand in hand with line departments, NGOs, VOs, and individuals.

Recent initiatives on issues of climate change with the goal of strengthening adaptive capacities of the target (rural) communities to reduce their vulnerability to climate change through sustainable Climate Change Adaptation (CCA) measures will strengthen our outreach with diversity of stakeholders which includes NGOs, farmers, line departments, research institutes, students and teachers. The Council is concurrently working with GIZ (German Development Cooperation) and KfW (German Development Bank) for technical cooperation and financial cooperation respectively to realize the above goals of climate change adaptation measures. While taking up various project and programmes, we have tried to incorporate, wherever possible, time tested vast indigenous knowledge base, so that technologies are easily accepted, adapted and appreciated by the beneficiaries.

All activities of the Council are in harmony with the science & technology related policies of the state government as well as government of India concurrently ensuring that we stay within the mandate of the Council. Any comments and critiques on the work presented in this report would be gratefully received.


19/07/2013
T. B. GURUNG
MEMBER SECRETARY

Department of Science & Technology in the State has been created during 1996 mainly for Research and Development in various identified areas relevant to the state, generation of scientific awareness and also for transfer of appropriate technologies for economic upliftment of the weaker section of the society.

Subsequently, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology was also created keeping in view the importance of Science & Technology for overall development of the state and with a view to provide sufficient autonomy for implementation of various scientific programmes. The Council takes up various programmes funded by the State Government as well as projects funded by the Government of India agencies like the Department of Science & Technology, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Department

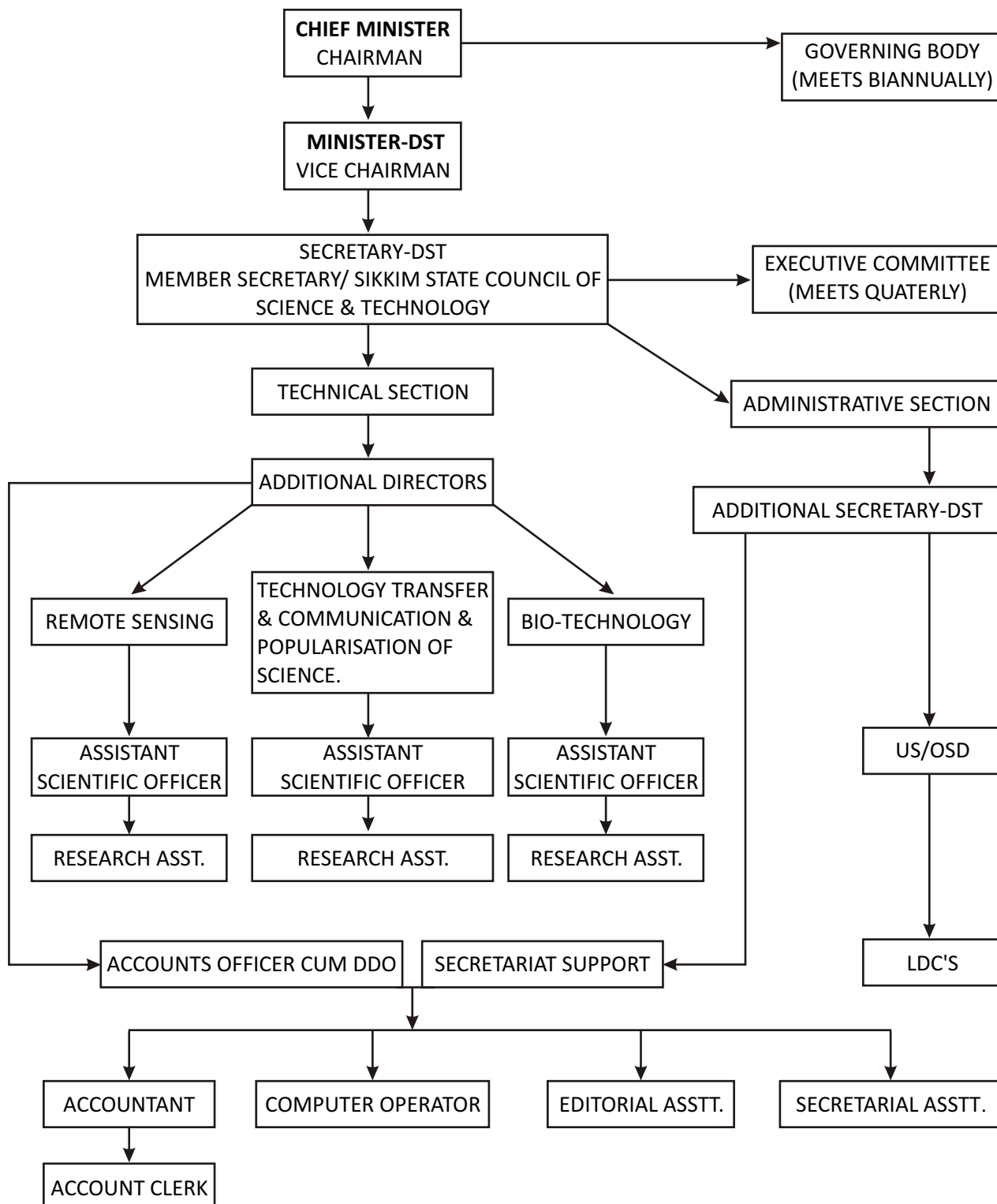
of Bio-technology and Department of Space as well. The Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology is the functional arm of State Science & Technology Department for implementation of various scientific programmes in the State.

The Department of Science and Technology has taken up through the Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology various scientific programmes related to (i) Bio-Technology (Bioinformatics & Tissue Culture, Medicinal Plants, Scientific programme on Planting Stock Improvement; Establishment of Sikkim Biotechnology Research and Application Centre) (ii) Glaciers and Climate Studies (iii) Environmental Information System; (iv) Patent Information Centre; (v) Remote Sensing and GIS; and (vi) Technology Transfer and Scientific Awareness, Capacity Building and Skill Development programmes.

The broad objectives of the Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology are as under:

- To increase the Science & Technology infrastructure for meeting the challenging demands in basic research, technological development and scientific services.
- To identify the areas where Science & Technology intervention could significantly improve the existing socio-economic conditions.
- To identify areas of long term development of the State by ensuring application of science and technology developed so far.
- Pilot scale demonstration projects.
- Replication of successful models and undertaking pilot scale demonstrations projects.
- Develop appropriate mechanisms for reducing the time lag between an invention and its commercialization.
- To supplement the efforts of the State Government in implementing various projects whenever and wherever called for.
- To popularize technologies and initiate scientific attitude and temperament amongst the people of the State through awareness and training programmes.
- To facilitate the scientists and the entrepreneurs in promoting technology transfers, establishing a strong relationship among the academics, research institutes and industry, guidance for developing entrepreneurship.

ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY





**GOVERNMENT OF SIKKIM
HOME DEPARTMENT**

No. 55/ Home/2012

Date: 07/08/2012

NOTIFICATION

The Governor of Sikkim is pleased to re-constitute the Governing Body of the Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology with immediate effect.

The Governing body of the Council shall comprise of the following members, namely:-

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Chief Minister | - Chairman |
| 2. Minister, Science & Technology & Climate Change | - Vice Chairman |
| 3. Chief Secretary | - Member |
| 4. Principal Secretary-cum-Development Commissioner,
Development, Planning, Economic Reforms and NEC Affairs | - Member |
| 5. Secretary, Finance Revenue and Expenditure Department | - Member |
| 6. Secretary, Food Security & Agriculture Development Dept./
Horticulture & Cash Crops Development Department. | - Member |
| 7. Secretary, Animal Husbandry, Livestock, Fisheries & Veterinary
Service Department | - Member |
| 8. Secretary, Horticulture & Cash Crop Development Dept. | - Member |
| 9. PCCF-cum Secretary, Forest, Env. & Wildlife Management Dept. | - Member |
| 10. PCE-cum- Secretary, Irrigation | - Member |
| 11. PCE-cum-Secretary, Public Health Engineering | - Member |
| 12. Secretary, Rural Management & Development Dept. | - Member |
| 13. Secretary, Human Resource Development Dept. | - Member |
| 14. Secretary, Health care, Human Service & Family Welfare Dept. | - Member |
| 15. Representative of Planning Commission, GOI | - Member |
| 16. Representative of Department of Science & Technology, GOI | - Member |
| 17. Representative of Department of Space, GOI | - Member |
| 18. Representative of Department of Bio-Technology, GOI | - Member |
| 19. Representative of All India Council of Technical Education, GOI | - Member |
| 20. Representative of Council of Scientific & Industrial
Research (CSIR), GOI | - Member |
| 21. Representative of Department of Non-Conventional
Source of Energy, GOI | - Member |
| 22. Representative of Indian Agricultural Research Institute,
New Delhi | - Member |
| 23. Director, Geological Survey of India, Sikkim Circle | - Member |
| 24. Secretary, Science & Technology & Climate Change,
Government of Sikkim. | - Member Secretary |

1. The function of the State Council shall be as under:-

- (i) To identify the areas in which Science & Technology can be utilized for the achievement of the Socio-Economic development of the State and in particular tackling the problems of the backward and under-privileged section of the society with the aim for poverty alleviation thereby reducing the regional imbalances:
- (ii) Advice on the policies and measures necessary to promote Science & Technology and its utilization for achievement of Socio-Economic objectives in the field of Agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Horticulture, Environment, Health, Power, Industries, Energy, Irrigation, Public Health Engineering, Building, Roads and in any other related fields;

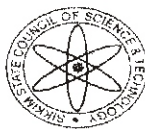


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- (iii) Advice on policies and measures related to the infrastructure of Science and Technology manpower, their utilization and generation of resources;
 - (iv) To identify priority areas of long term development of the State by ensuring application of Science and Technology developed so far to solve real problems and encountered in plan-implementation through assigning Pilot Projects etc.
 - (v) To initiate, support promote and co-ordinate network of Research and Development, design of the projects and programmes and demonstrate the relevant specific objectives, survey and optimum utilization of the natural resources of the State by involving the State based technical institutions and organizations;
 - (vi) Promote the popularization of the technologies and initiate of the scientific attitude and temperament amongst the people of the State;
 - (vii) To supplement the achievement of the on-going technical projects/efforts of the State Government;
 - (viii) To prepare and approve the Science & Technology Plan and Schemes for the State;
 - (ix) To interact with other States, National and International bodies having similar or related objectives;
 - (x) To take initiative for any other matters relevant to the application of Science and Technology to solve the problems of the State of Sikkim.
 - (xi) Registration of voluntary agencies, education research and development institutions, non-governmental organization and individuals involved in doing Science & Technology related work for the purpose of development of the State;
 - (xii) To maintain a fund into which shall be credited all funds provided to the Council by the Central Government or the State Government , all fees and other charges, all fund received by way of grant, gifts, donations, transfer etc or in any other manner or from any other source. To prepare and maintain accounts and other relevant records in respect of the fund in such a form and manners as may be prescribed by the State Government;
2. The Chairman of the State Council may co-opt any other person as a member of the Council or invite any person to its meeting as deemed necessary.
 3. The State Council shall be serviced by the Department of Science and Technology.
 4. The State Council shall meet as often deemed necessary and at least twice in a year.

BY ORDER IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR.


Karma Gyatso, IAS
CHIEF SECRETARY
File no.DST/58/1996



SIKKIM STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

Development Area, Gangtok, Sikkim. PIN 737101

Ph. 03592 204104 Fax: 03592 208764

No. /6 /SSCS&T/ 2013

Date. 22/7/2013

NOTIFICATION

In supersession of the notification number 596/SSCS&T/07 dated 31/03/2007, the State Government is hereby pleased to constitute the Executive Committee of the Sikkim State Council of Science and Technology consisting of the following members,

- | | |
|--|----------|
| 1. Member Secretary, State Council of Science and Technology | Chairman |
| 2. Chief Conservator of Forest, Forest, Environment and Wildlife Department | Member |
| 3. Chief Engineer (Electrical) Energy and Power Department | Member |
| 4. Director, Food Security and Agriculture Development Department | Member |
| 5. Director, Geological Survey of India | Member |
| 6. Director, Mines, Minerals and Geology Department | Member |
| 7. Joint Director, Indian Council of Agriculture Research | Member |
| 8. Additional Director (Remote Sensing), State Council of Science and Technology | Convener |

The Chairman of the Executive Committee may co-opt any other members from the Sikkim State Council of Science and Technology and from Government of India to its meetings as and when deemed necessary.

By order

-Sd-
T.B Gurung
Member Secretary

Copy for information to:

1. All above members
2. Chief Secretary, Government of Sikkim
3. Commissioner-cum-Secretary to HE, the Governor, Raj Bhawan
4. All Secretaries/HOD's, Government of Sikkim
5. Principal Secretary to HCM, Chief Minister's Office, Government of Sikkim
6. Home Department, Gazette Section-for publication in the Sikkim Government
7. File and Guard File


19/07/2013
Member Secretary
State Council of Science & Technology

CORE MANPOWER OF SSCS&T

1	Shri P.T. Euthenpa, IAS	Member Secretary
2.	Dr. Pushpa Tamang	Director (Retired)
3.	Shri D.G. Shrestha	Additional Director
4.	Shri D.T. Bhutia	Additional Director
5.	Dr. B.C. Basiatha	Additional Director
6.	Shri Suman Thapa	Asst. Scientific Officer
7.	Shri K.B.Subba	Asst Scientific Officer
8.	Shri Narpati Sharma	Asst. Scientific Officer
9.	Km Doma Eden Bhutia	Secretarial Assistant
10	Smt. Sonam Ongmu Bhutia	Editorial Assistant
11	Neeta Maya Rai	Librarian
12	Shri Nabeen Sharma	Computer Operators
13	Shri Dadul Lepcha	Account Clerk
14	Shri Tika Ram Sharma	Peon
15	Shri Tashi Bhutia	Peon
16	Shri Tenzing Bhutia	Peon
17	Shri Karma Bhutia	Peon

MANPOWER IN PROJECTS

1.	Laydong Lepcha	Information Officer	DISC
2.	Sambhawana Gurung	TA	DISC
3.	Karun Chettri	DEO	DISC
4.	S.N Bhutia	Computer Engineer	ENVIS
5.	Anju Gurung	RA	ENVIS
6.	Kalzang Eden Bhutia	DEO	ENVIS
7.	Rajdeep Gurung	Project Scientist	PIC
8.	Tenzing Bhutia	RA	DNA Club
9.	Binita Shrestha	DEO	DNA Club
10.	D.K. Sapkota	DEO	Ethno Veternary
11.	Laxuman Chettri	RA	Ethno Vetnary
12.	Sushan Pradhan	JRF	State Bio Tech Hub
13.	Smrita Pradhan	JRF	State Bio Tech Hub
14.	Pooja Lohar	JRF	State Bio Tech Hub
15.	Sovit Khatri	JRF	State Bio Tech Hub
16.	Navin K. Chamlagan	RA	State Bio Tech Hub
17.	Inchung Lepcha	Lab Asst.	State Bio Tech Hub
18.	Tika Pds Sharma	Lab Asst.	State Bio Tech Hub
19.	Radha Krishna Sharma	Sr. RF	Climate Change
20.	P. Pradhan	JRF	Climate Change
21.	Deo Km Tamang	JRF	SIS-DP
22.	Dili Ram Chettri	JRF	SIS-DP
23.	Narbada Sharma	JRF	SIS-DP
24.	Rinzing N. Lepcha	Project Assistant	Cane Project
25.	Thupden Bhutia	Project Assistant	Cane Project

SECRETARIAT OF DST & CLIMATE CHANGE DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT OF SIKKIM

1.	Shri P.T. Euthenpa, IAS	Secretary
2.	Ms Salara Rai	Additional Secretary
3.	Shri N.P. Sharma	Accounts Officer
4.	Km T. Donka	Deputy Director
5.	Dr. S.R. Lepcha	Assistant Scientific Officer
6.	Shri D.K. Pradhan	P.S to Secretary
7.	Smt Sangita Bomjan	Officer on Special Duty
8.	Smt Sarojini Subba	Office Superintendent
9.	Km G. Cintury	Head Assistant
10.	Shri R.K. Rai	Upper Division Clerk
11.	Shri Rohit Chettri	Accountant
12.	Shri M.K. Rai	Accountant
13.	Smt S. Pradhan	Lower Division Clerk
14.	Shri Benoy Pradhan	Research Assistant
15.	Nisha Gurung	Stenographer
16.	Shri R.B. Gurung	Driver
17.	Shri Sarad Pradhan	Driver
18.	Shri Sonam Bhutia	Driver
19.	Shri Kewal Sharma	Driver
20.	Shri Ongden Lepcha	Driver
21.	Shri Hem Raj Chettri	Peon
22.	Shri Suresh Rai	Peon
23.	Smt Sancha Kumari Subba	Peon
24.	Shri Raju Rai	Peon
25.	Mrs Neeru Sunwar	Safai Karmachari

**STATE REMOTE SENSING
APPLICATION CENTRE**

REMOTE SENSING CENTRE

The Sikkim State Remote Sensing Applications Centre has started with the Department of Science and Technology in the year 1996. At present, the Centre has Seven Workstations and two PC along with 5Kv UPS. The Centre has one photogrammetry LPS-11, two Arc Info-10 and one ERDAS-9 software. The Centre also has A0 size plotter and A0 Size Scanner.

The SSRSAC has trained manpower in the field of Remote Sensing and GIS. The Centre has provided training to the Student of Sikkim Government College, Harkamaya college in the field of RS and GIS. The centre has been undertaking various project funded by Central Government as well as State Government. The Centre also provides the necessary data to the user department for various developmental activities in the state.

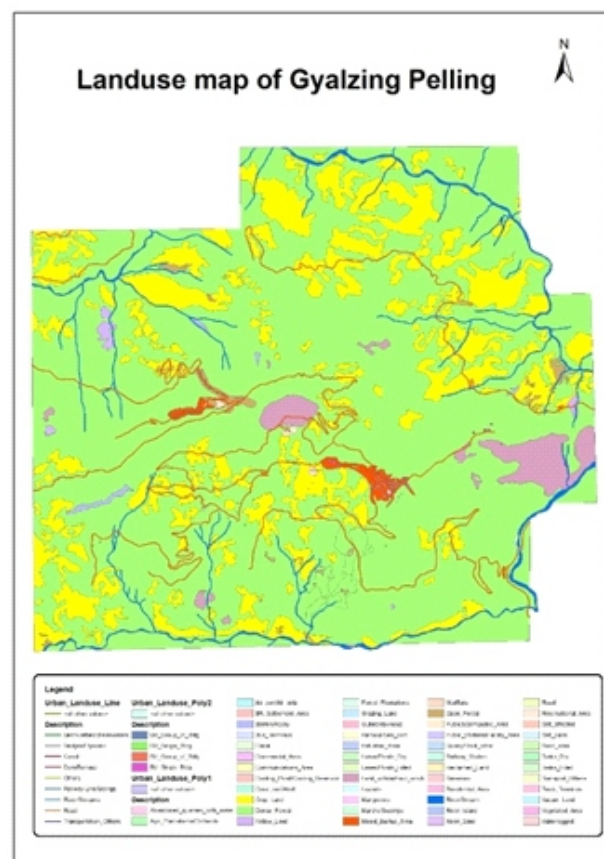
On Going Project

1. NUIS (National Urban Information System)

The major objective of NUIS project is to design, organize and establish a comprehensive information system in the urban local bodies for planning, management and decentralized governance listed in the 12th schedule in the context of implementation of the 74th Constitution Amendment Act (CAA). The creation of database of towns Sikkim state on various themes using remote sensing and GIS has been done.

For Sikkim state 10 towns were identified, for different thematic mapping, namely, Pakyong, Rabong, Rangpo, Singtam, Mangan, Jorethang, Rongli, Geyzing-Pelling, Soreng and Namchi.

Finding: The required thematic layers (Landuse landcover, Soil, Geology, Structure, Physiography, Geomorphology, Lithology, Drainage, Road, administration boundary, etc) under NUIS project has been prepared and submitted to the North East Space Applications Centre, Shillong for further submission to the Ministry of Urban Development Government of India.



2. SIS-DP (Spatial Information Support System for Decentralization Planning)

The Space Based Information Support for Decentralized Planning project started in Sikkim from July 2011. The main objective of the project is mapping of various thematic layers of Sikkim in 1:10,000 scale for decentralized planning.

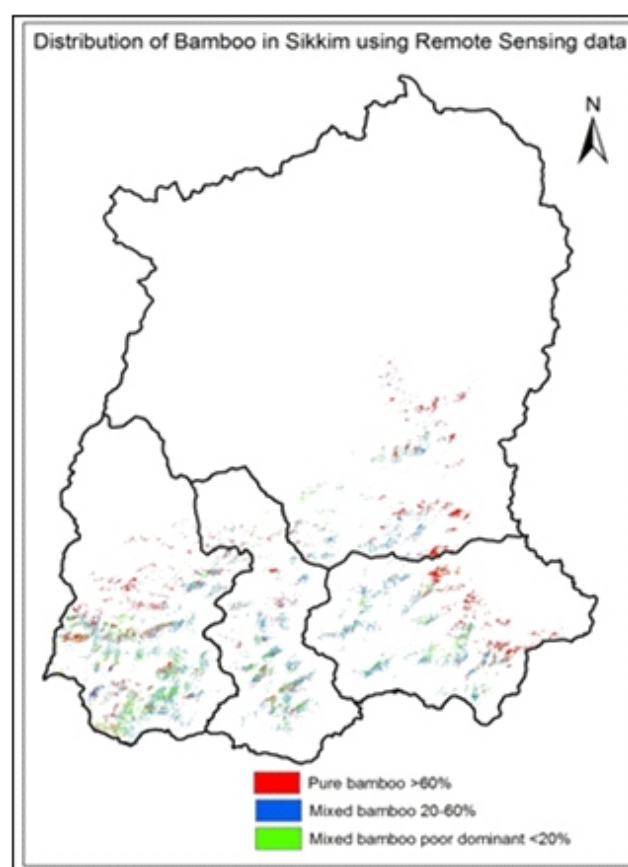
(SOI) sheet will cover the entire district of Sikkim in which 14 number of sheet are active sheets. The quality checking of the work has been done in National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC) Hyderabad in December 2012. Further, quality checking of the work is carried out by NESAC scientist in March 2013. So far we have completed the generation of the layers for this project. The final Ground water prospect mapping will be completed by the end of next month.

The water quality testing is an important part of this project. The water quality testing of few different drinking water sources of all the district of Sikkim has also been undertaken. The testing was carried in both pre-monsoon period and post monsoon period. In Pre-monsoon period the testing was done in the month of May-June 2012 and in the month of September-November 2012 in post monsoon period.

4. Identification of Bamboos in Sikkim Using RS and GIS Technique

The Bamboos are classified into three categories depending on its coverage. Pure bamboo (bamboo covers more than 60%), Mixed Bamboo (Bamboo covers in between 30-60%) and Mixed Bamboo poor dominant (Bamboo cover less than 30%). Depending upon the Culm diameter pure bamboo is further divided into three groups. Small Bamboo with Culm diameter less then equal to 10 cm, Medium Bamboo with Culm Diameter 10-20 cm and Great Bamboo with Culm diameter greater than 20 cm. The area of bamboo available in the forest and non-forest areas of Sikkim is estimated through remote sensing technique and field visits. Multi- spectral images from IRS P6 with 23.5 m resolution was used for mapping the areal extent of bamboos in Sikkim. However, the species wise differentiation on the available dataset was not possible.

The West district has the maximum bamboo coverage, 14.41% of total geographical area of Sikkim. Most of the bamboo in this district are in south-west regions including Hilley and Barsey. This is followed by East district where bamboo coverage is about 8.76% of total geographical area, bamboo covers center and southern region of this district. The South district comes third with bamboo coverage about 8.37% of the total



geographical area and North district rank forth in terms of bamboo availability with the coverage about 1.42% of total geographical area.

Area wise the West district has 9856.4 ha. East district has 5592.27 ha. South district has 3651.9 ha and North district has 2395.64 ha of bamboo covered area Bamboo in the state are generally used only for domestic and social uses.



5. Land Use Land Cover 2nd Cycle

The Land use classification for 2nd cycle has been simplified from 79 classes to 54 classes based on the experience gained in 1st cycle of mapping. Onscreen visual interpretation technique is being used for land use mapping. The LISS III imagery of 2011-12 is being used for LULC classification and change detection over the previous cycle data. The LULC codes designed as per the manual will be used for codification of polygons and ground verification will be carried out for the areas where changes are observed. The finalization of the database is subject to quality assessment both at internal and external levels.

Objectives:

- To generate spatial database on land use / land cover for 2011-12

- To generate land use / land cover change database along with change matrix with respect to 2005-06 and
- To identify areas of major change.

End benefit to user

The potential users of LULC database include the, State Planning departments, Ministry of Rural Development, Environment and Forests, Earth Sciences, Central Water Commissions, Urban Development etc. Besides, it is also useful for various scientific research programmes like climate change studies, weather forecasting, growth trend analysis etc.

Finding: The change interpretation of north district and East District has been completed and submitted for final quality check to NRSC Hyderabad, and the change interpretation of other district is under progress.



Fig. 1- Agriculture Land with Tree Clad Area



Fig. 2- Agricultural land to Build Up and Scrub Land

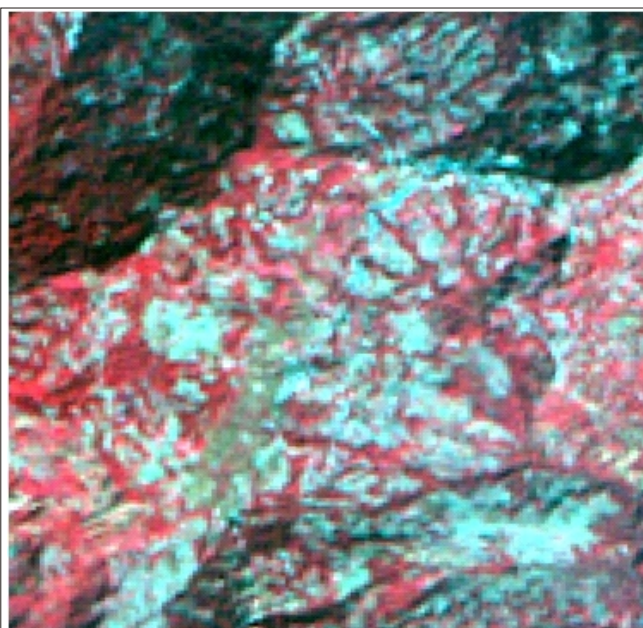


Fig. 3- Pakyong Airport area in IRS LISS III 2006

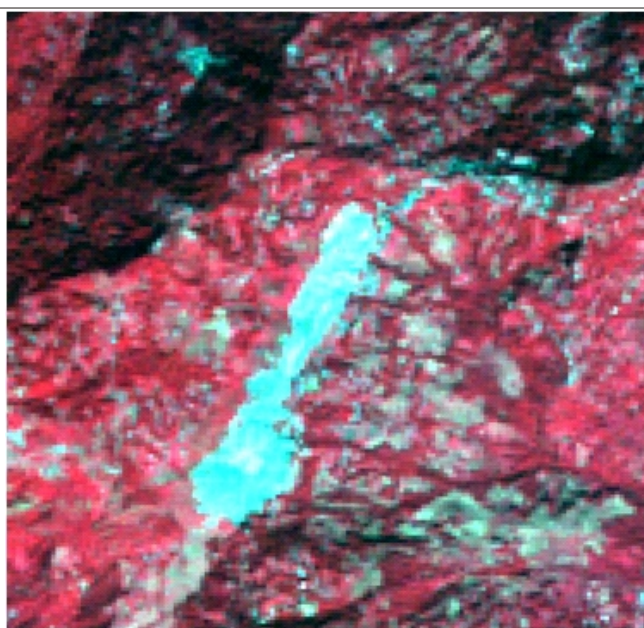


Fig. 4- - Pakyong Airport area in IRS P6 2011

6. Study of Glacier Dynamic of East Rathong Glacier of Sikkim Himalayas

The World has witnessed increase in global temperature with the dawn of industrial revolution in the twentieth century. With the rapid growth and development of industrial sector in the later period has accelerated the complex process of global warming which has created serious impact in the environment. Ice melting and glacial retreat is one of the main impact of global warming and climate change.

The Glaciers are the complex dynamic systems sensitive to their surrounding environment. They constantly change their shape and form to adopt the changes in the surrounding environment. Prolonged changes in the mean annual summer temperature of even less than 1 degree centigrade can change in glacier mass balance resulting in glacier advances or retreat hundreds of meters. In mountainous regions, glaciers forms an important source of perennial water that fed the mighty rivers that supports life in various forms. So the study of Glacier is one of

great importance in the present scenario.

Sikkim being a Himalayan state of India, is one of the glacier rich areas of India and the world. It has 84 glaciers feeding two mighty glacial river system including Tista and Rangit river basin with numerous streams. Likewise in other glaciers, the glacier of Sikkim is also facing severe threat from the effect of global warming and climate change. Considering the fact, Sikkim State Council of Science and Technology with the support of the Department of Science and Technology, Government of India and with technical collaboration of the national experts in Glaciology, is undertaking the study of glacier dynamic of East Rathong Glacier of Sikkim Himalayas.

East Rathong Glacier, (Lat $27^{\circ} 34'E$ to $27^{\circ} 33'E$ and Long $88^{\circ}07'E$ to $88^{\circ}10'N$) located in the West Sikkim covers a basin area of 35.95 sq.km and total ice cover area of 8.49 sq.km. The snout is located at 4674mts (June 2008). It has length of 4.5km and breadth of 1.5km. The study is in its initial phase and it covers the following objectives in its phase wise studies:

- Glacier mass balance studies: Glacier Budget
- Glacier secular movement studies: snout monitoring and glacial movement
- Sub glacial studies: including internal structures of glacier ice/depth.
- Ice core studies and Dating: to study the age of the ice and study the trapped elements and gases for past and present environmental study.
- Glacial ecology: glacier are the main indicators of climate change so the study of their long ecology is paramount.
- Meteorology: snow precipitation pattern, rainfall, evaporation rate etc. are important meteorological parameters.
- Energy balance studies: albedo phenomena , sun inclination studies, illumination, light intensity etc.
- Glacier inventory of Sikkim in every five years using satellite imageries.
- Yearly snow cover monitoring of Sikkim Himalayas using AWiFS data.
- Snow ice physics: study of old/fresh snow, firn, ice crystal, reflectance, and wavelength fluctuations etc.
- Glacial chemistry: glacial chemistry study characterizes the water quality and the rate of chemical weathering of glaciated terrain. Hydro chemical characteristics of glacial melt water help in identifying the hydrological pathway within the glacier and its changes during an ablation period by using the variation in the chemical signatures of different run off components.
- Glacier geomorphology: study of glacier and landform orientation.



In the month of October 2012 our team visited the East Rathong Glacier and fixed 13 stake in different elevation to study the glacier velocity of ERG. The team is expected to make such visits frequently to monitor the same.

7. Mapping of Glacier Lakes and development of GIS based Glacier Lake Management Information System (GLAMINFORS) for the State of Sikkim



The glaciers are nature's valuable source of fresh water for drinking water supply, agricultural, industrial and hydropower developments for present and future needs of millions of people living in the downstream. These frozen reservoirs release large amounts of ice melt water to many of the major rivers of this region. The Sikkim State Council of Science and Technology is currently engaged in monitoring of glaciers and glacier lakes of Sikkim. Jointly with

the Centre for Developing Advanced Computing (CDAC), Pune **Glacier Lake Management and Information System** for the state of Sikkim is being prepared. The information would be very useful whereby the users/decision makers would be able to get information on any glacier lake, their nature, origin, location and identify the area likely to be affected due to GLOFs (Glacial Lake Outburst Floods) etc.

Major objectives of the project are:

- Real time monitoring of the selected glacier/moraine dammed lakes in the Himalayan Region for developing preparedness and resilience in case of Glacier Lake Outburst Floods (**GLOFs**).
- Design and develop a system for identification of moraine dammed lakes, their classification, river channel profiling with the help of Digital Elevation Models, installation of field sensors at potential hazardous lakes and processing of sensor data along with remote sensing data for development of models under GIS environment for GLOFs/Flash floods, and deriving flood related information for damage assessment for the end user in real response time.
- Development of GIS based Glacier Lake Management Information System (**GLAMINFORS**) for the state of Sikkim.

Progress of the Project

Following tasks has been accomplished;

1. Preparation of following base map layers in GIS format at 1:50,000 scale:
 - Administrative boundaries (International, State, Districts, Taluka, and Available Village boundary).
 - Road/transportation network of entire state.
 - Settlement/Habitation Location (Rural and Urban areas).
 - Drainage/streams/water bodies.
 - Location of Hydel projects and industrial setup.
 - Forest Boundaries, Forest roads and Forest village locations.
2. Geo-referencing/Orthorectification, Edge Matching and mosaicking of Satellite Data
3. Preparation of various Thematic Maps such as Slope map and Glacier Inventory maps.
4. Intensive field data collection required for the project work.
5. Development of Sensor for its installation at vulnerable lakes by CDAC.

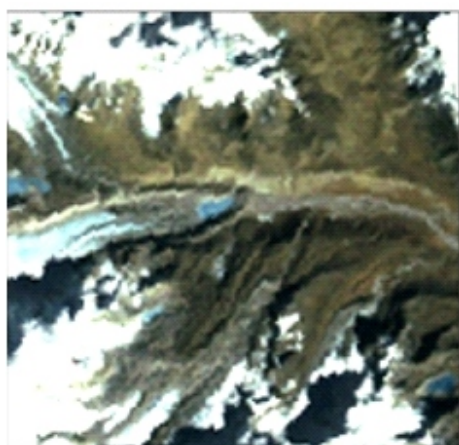


Figure 1. Lhonak lake (1976)

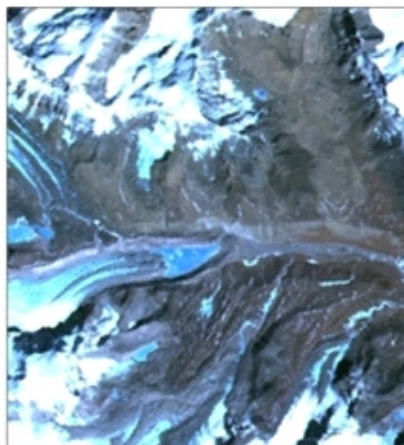


Figure 2. Lhonak Lake (1997)



Figure 3. Lhonak Lake (2011)



Findings:

Based on the study using the time series satellite data and field visits there are 25 glacial

lakes of Sikkim identified as the vulnerable lakes, out of which 8 glacial lake are identified as potential Hazardous lakes.

Sl. No	Potential Hazardous lakes
1	Lhonak Lake
2	Lake above the Lhasa Valley above Thangu village
3	Teesta Khangsey (Khangchung chho):
4	Unknown lake in West Sikkim
5	(Dod Pokhari): East Rathong Glacier
6	Gurudogmar Lake
7	Cholamu lake
8	Lake on North west of Lhonak valley

The immediate detailed study of these lakes is required and it is recommended to install the automatic sensor of the GLOF in these lakes

The Central Water Commission, Government of India has been communicated for regular monitoring of these lakes with the high resolution satellite data. A working group under the Chairmanship of Director, Snow and Avalanche Studies Establishment (SASE) Chandigarh has been constituted by DST, GoI. Field investigation by the experts is being planned for September 2013.

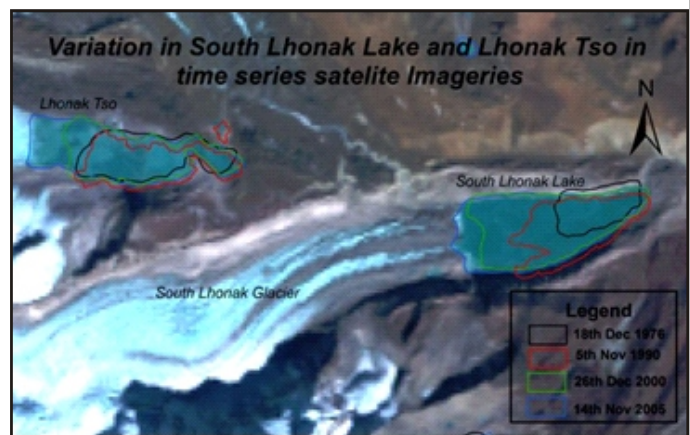
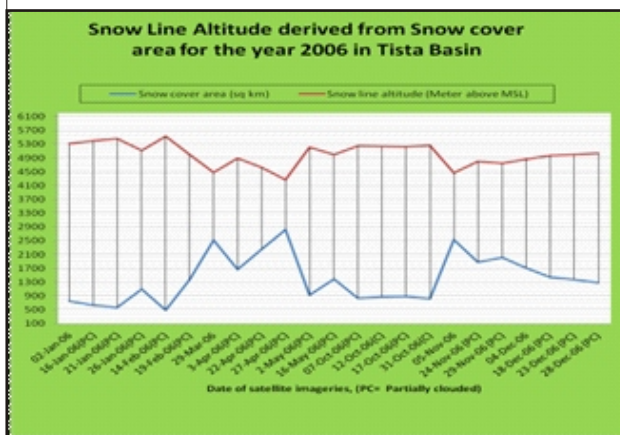
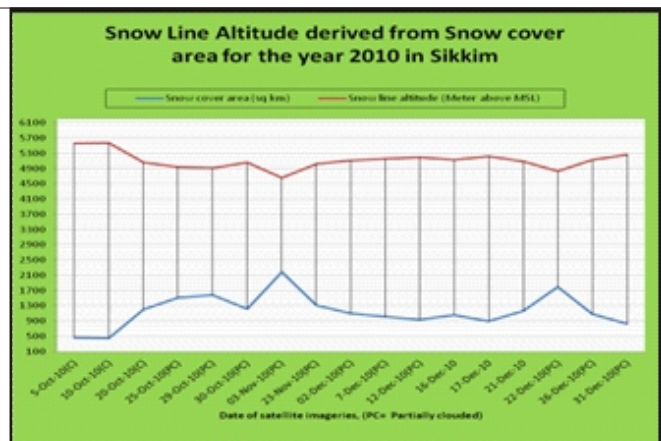
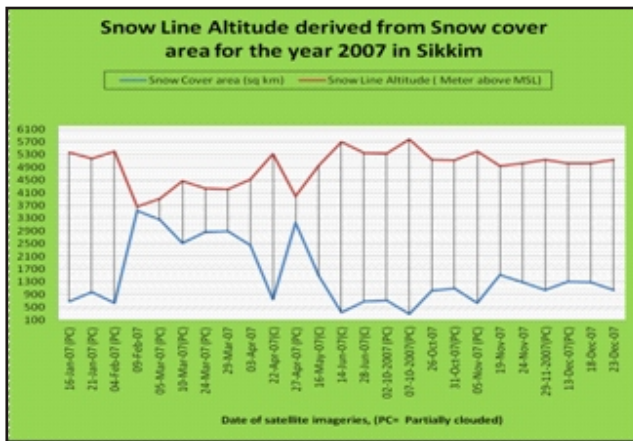
8. Programme on Climate change research in Terrestrial environment (PRACRITI):

The project has the following main objectives:

- Development of Models to access response of Himalayan snow and Glacier extent to Climate change.
- Development of snow and glacial melt runoff model and to assess future changes in stream runoff.
- Mapping and change detection of water spread of moraine- dammed lakes/Glacial lakes
- Updation of extent of selected glaciers of Tista basin using Remote sensing data and snout validation.

The work elements identified for the state RS Centre:

- Tista Basin using RS data.
- Mapping and change detection of water spread of moraine dammed lakes using landsat Data.
- Development of model and report preparation.



Mapping of Glaciers and Glacial lakes using time series satellite data

The data generation for the glacial lakes/ moraine dammed lakes has been done using the Earthsat images (5th November 1990). Also at the interval of 10 years, the Landsat data of year 2000 was used for the digitization of lakes. The objective was mainly the change detection in the water spread of moraine dammed lakes. The satellite images were downloaded from the Earth explorer (USGS). The digitization of glacial lakes from the recent satellite data is in progress.

Conclusion of the project

Using time series satellite data, the present study would be a great source of information in terms of change detection in the area of Glaciers and glacial lakes/ moraine dammed lakes. The study will provide the valuable information on the role of temperature when correlating with snow line altitude.

10. Snow monitoring of Sikkim Himalayas (Phase-II)

The Mapping and Monitoring of snow cover is an important part of snow and glacier studies. Its monitoring for a longer period helps in understanding the changes that takes place in our environment. The database created on the extent of snow cover also help in various studies to overcome the challenges posed by the global warming and climate change effects. At present monitoring of snow cover of entire Himalayas of India from Jammu and Kashmir to Arunachal Pradesh is going on under the Joint Project of Indian Space Research Organization and Ministry of Environment and Forests, Govt. of India. The Mapping and monitoring of seasonal snow cover using field methods are normally very difficult in a mountainous terrain, like the Himalayas. Therefore, remote sensing techniques have been extensively used for snow cover monitoring.

In context to Sikkim, the snow monitoring work is being carried out jointly with the Space Applications Centre (SAC), Ahmedabad from the year 2004-2005 onwards considering Tista and Rangit basin. At present the project is in its second phase. In its first phase snow monitoring of Sikkim has been completed upto the year 2007-2008. Remaining work for the year 2008-2009 and 2009-2010 is being carried out by SAC, Ahmedabad. The Snow monitoring of the year 2010-2011-2012 under second phase of project is being undertaken by the RS Centre.

Recently, the final Report for the year 2011-2012 has been submitted to SAC, Ahmedabad. It is observed that the maximum areal extent of 50% of total area of state in the month of March 2012 for Sikkim. The highest snow areal extent of 61% observed in Tista and 21% in Rangit basins, respectively in the same month. The lowest snow recorded in the month of September, October and December in 2011. In 2012, April and May are the months with least snow cover in Sikkim. In Tista basin, the least snow cover found in the same months.

Due to the unavailability of the cloud free images for the months of June to September the mapping of snow cover is possible only for the remaining months. The year wise snow cover atlas is being prepared on each monitoring dates of images. The snow monitoring for the year 2012-2013 would be started as soon as the data is



made available from SAC, Ahmadabad.

9. Thangu Microhydel project

The 2X100 KW microhydel project is being setup at Thangu village of North Sikkim. The project project work has resumed w.e.f May 2012. It is targeted to complete the project by August 2013.



Visit of Minister, Secretary DST at project site in August 2012.

11. Seismic Hazard and Risk Assessment of Darjeeling-Sikkim Himalaya (HRA)

Earthquake is major menace to the mankind killing thousands of people every year in different part of the globe. An estimated of 17,000 persons per year has been killed in the 20th century.

The State of Sikkim lies at the eastern edge of the rupture zone of the 1934 M = 8.4 Bihar Nepal earthquake which claimed about 11,000 lives and caused an intensity of VIII in the Sikkim Himalaya (GSI, 1939). It was severely shaken again, more recently by the 1988 MS= 6.6 earthquake which ruptured a deeper part of the

same zone, the isoseismic VII passing through its capital town of Gangtok in an approximately NE-SW direction. Several houses in the town were badly damaged, whilst power and other communication system installations suffered subsidence, besides a series of disrupting landslides.

The Department of Science and Technology & Climate Change in collaboration with IIT Kharagpur have set up eight Seismic Monitoring Station in different part of Sikkim. The construction of Seismic Monitoring Station at Darjeeling and Siliguri is under progress.

Sl. No	Name of Station	Machine model Installed
1	Marchak (Science Center)	ETINA
2	Singtam	ETINA
3	Padamchen	ETINA
4	Melli	ETINA
5	Utteray	ETINA
6	Pelling	ETINA
7	Mangan	ETINA
8	Chungthang	ETINA



Support to the user Agencies

- GPS data collection and mapping of the polling station of Sikkim for the Election Department.
- Post earthquake relief activities mapping for Land Revenue and Disaster Management Department.
- Catchment area mapping for various projects of Irrigation and Flood Control Department
- Hands on training on RS and GIS to the students of Sikkim University.

BIOTECHNOLOGY DIVISION

1. Establishment of Biotechnology Research and Application Centre at Sajong, Rumtek

Biotechnology Research and Application Centre has been established at Sajong, Rumtek. Single storied building to house the laboratory and office has been constructed and furnished with laboratory designs. The instruments procured under various project is housed in this laboratory and R&D activities is being carried out. 01 hi-tech

green house fully automated is constructed along with the five normal polyhouse and two shade house. Field for development of herbal garden, trial/experimental field is under preparation. Junior Research Fellows and other technical staffs are deputed to the centre to carry out the R&D and field related works.

2. Establishment of State Biotech hub project:

The project is being funded by Department of Biotechnology (DBT), Govt. of India for a period of three years commencing from December 2010.

The main objective of the project is the establishment of major biotechnology facility and trains the coordinators of the institutional hubs as well as providing support to research and training.

Dr. B. C. Basistha, Additional Director is the Coordinator and Shri. K. B. Subba, A.S.O. is the Co-coordinator of the project. The project is being coordinated by Biotech Consortium India Ltd (BCIL), a company promoted by DBT, Govt. of India. The state council has received first years' budget for the project.



A



B

Figure A. Structure of State Biotechnology Research and Application Centre (BRAC) at Sajong, Rumtek (E. Sikkim)

Figure B. High-tech (automated system) Green-house for raising seedlings of economically and medicinally important plant species at Biotechnology Research and Application Centre, Sajong, Rumtek (E. Sikkim) (B).



Figure. Work-space inside the laboratory of Biotechnology Research and Application Centre at Sajong, Rumtek (East Sikkim) established through State Biotech Hub project in Sikkim.

- I. In order to give advice, suggestions and overall monitoring the progress of the project a Scientific Advisory Committee (SAC) consisting members from different scientific institutions like North Bengal University, ICAR, G.B. Pant institute, Sikkim University, Government College, NRC Orchids was constituted with the Member Secretary, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology as Chairman. The meeting of the SAC has been conducted to achieve the objectives of the project successfully.

Dr. Arnab Sen, Head, Botany Department, North Bengal University has been appointed

as consultant for a period of two years to guide, suggest and advice on the overall progress of the project.

- II. A workshop has been conducted on “Biodiversity of Sikkim Himalayas” at Science Centre, Marchak on 22nd Sept. 2012. The Junior Research fellows (JRF), technical assistant and lab attendant in the project are actively involved in Research and Development (R&D) activities.

Bioinformatics Centre

Introduction

During the seventh five year plan, the Department of Biotechnology (DBT), Government of India started a National Network on Biotechnology called Biotechnology Information System Network (BTISNet). Under this network, the DBT has established different Bioinformatics Centres including the Bioinformatics SUB DISC (Distributed Information Sub-Centre) in the public sector institutions across the country. Bioinformatics SUB DISC, Sikkim was established under the aegis of Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology (SSCS&T), Department of Science & Technology and Climate Change, Govt. of Sikkim with the support of DBT with the following objectives:

Objectives

The Bioinformatics SUB DISC, Sikkim has been assigned to work on Bioinformatics and its related activities with the following objectives;

- i. To provide a national bio-information network designed to bridge the interdisciplinary gaps in biotechnology information.
- ii. To build up information resources, prepare database on biotechnology and develop relevant information handling tools and techniques.
- iii. To continuously evaluate information requirements, organize creation of necessary information and to provide information and computer support services to users of Sikkim state.

- iv. To establish linkages with international resources in biotechnology information, e.g., Databanks, published literature, patents and other information of scientific and commercial values.
- v. To evolve and implement programs on education and training of information scientists responsible for biotechnology information and its application to biotechnology, research and development.
- vi. To develop, support and enhance public information resources for biotechnology, e.g., Genebanks, molecular biology data and related research information resources.
- vii. To undertake, prepare and publish survey, reports and forecasts on several branches of biotechnology.

The Bioinformatics Centre organized a training on “Documentation of Ethno-traditional knowledge using Bioinformatics tools” on 07th December, 2012. The Resource persons of the training programme were Shri. L.K. Rai, Scientist, GBPHED, Pangthang, Dr. Bharat Kumar Pradhan, Survey Expert, JICA and Shri. Laydong Lepcha, Information Officer, Bioinformatics Centre, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology, During the training

programme the Resource Persons delivered lectures and demonstration on the Ethno-botany, its major studying phases, importance of documentation of Ethno-traditional knowledge, role of Bioinformatics for the documentation of Ethno-traditional Knowledge, threat and conservative aspects of Ethno-traditional knowledge and roles of Bioinformatics software. In the conclusion session, Dr. B.C. Basistha, Additional Director and Coordinator, Bioinformatics Centre, SSCS&T, distributed certificates to the participants of the training programme.



Figure. The trainees of the programme along with Resource persons of the training programme. Dr. B.C. Basistha, Additional Director



Figure. Science Direct training under progress at Bioinformatics web laboratory.

- I. The Centre has prepared a database on economically important Agro-horticultural crops diseases of Sikkim. The database shall be very useful for the researchers in studying crop diseases and its mitigative aspects.
- II. On 9th September 2012, the Centre conducted a training programme on techniques and methodologies of online research journals from Science Direct. The training was attended by Scientists, Senior Research Fellows, Junior Research Fellows, Research Assistants and other relevant researchers, working in the Council. During the training

programme Mr. Tanumoy Misra, Product Trainer, Elsevier Science & Technology, New Delhi, gave hands on training to the trainees.

III. The Bioinformatics Centre has published its Vth Volume of the News Letter “BIOGYAN” which is also been made online at centre's website: <http://www.bioinformaticssikkim.gov.in>.

IV. The Bioinformatics Centre has developed a Biological animation on Plant Physiology and Genetics. The animation software will be very helpful, both to the teachers and the students to understand Biology in much convenient way. The animation CDs shall be distributed among the various Colleges and schools of Sikkim.

V. Bioinformatics Centre, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology is preparing Videographic Documentation of *Rhododendron* species of Sikkim. The videographic documentation of *Rhododendron* species will promote sustainable research and conservation of *Rhododendron species* of Sikkim Himalayas and can be preserved as authentic database.

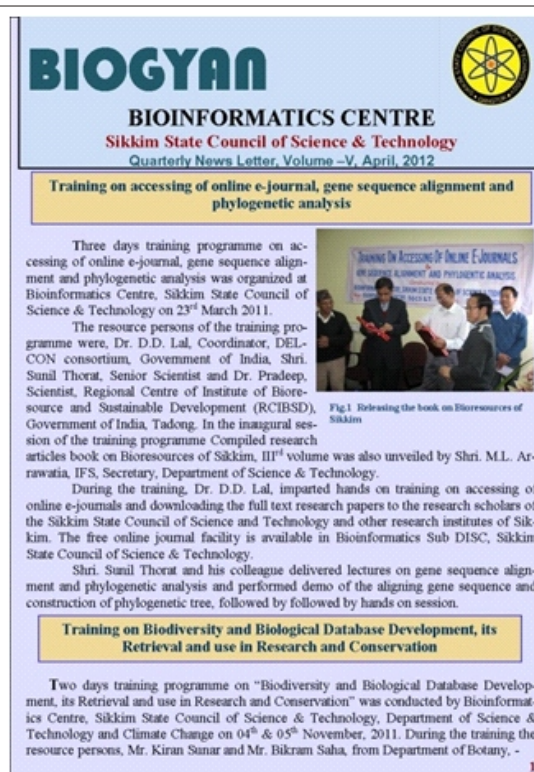


Figure. Vth Volume of the News Letter BIOGYAN.

Publications:

- A reckon on the conservation and sustainability of *Abroma augusta* Linn. of Sikkim Himalaya: A review report in *Journal of Medical Science and Research*. (Accepted)
- Pradhan. Sushen, Basistha.B.C., Handique.J.Pratap (2012). Determination of genetic fidelity of Micropropagated plants of *Zingiber officinale* cv-*Majhauley* of Sikkim Himalaya using RAPD markers. *Int. J. Fundamental Applied Sci.* Vol. 1, No. 2, 21-24.
- Laydong Lepcha, B.C.Basistha and ML Arrawati (2012). Landslides: A threat to Bioresource of Sikkim Himalaya. *Sikkim Biodiversity: Significance and Sustainability*. Pp. 271-276.
- Laydong Lepcha & B.C. Basistha (2013). *Proteomics in Bioinformatics*. Biogyan News Letter, Bioinformatics Centre, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology. Vol.6,p3.
- Smrita Pradhan & B.C. Basistha (2013). Stinging Nettle (*Urtica dioica* L). Biogyan News Letter, Bioinformatics Centre, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology. Vol.6,p3.
- Sushen Pradhan (2013). Ginger, *Zingiber officinale* (Variety,*Sanuaduwa*). Biogyan News Letter, Bioinformatics Centre, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology. Vol.6,p4.
- Rajdeep Gurung & B.C. Basistha (2013). *Patenting of Biotechnology in India*. Biogyan News Letter, Bioinformatics Centre, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology. Vol.6, p4.

3. Patent Information Centre

Introduction

The Patent Information Centre (PIC) was established under the aegis of Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology (SSCS&T), Department of Science & Technology and Climate Change, Govt. of Sikkim in the year 2007 and it is the eighth youngest centre in India. Technology Information and Assessment Council (TIFAC), New Delhi funded the centre until 2010. Presently, the PIC is supported and funded by the Department of Science and Technology (DST), Govt. of India (GoI). The centre is one of the main parts of TDT (Technology D T) of DST, (GoI), and has been financially supported as a grant-in-aid scheme of Council. Recently, the Government of Sikkim accorded the PIC, SSCS&T as the State Nodal Agency for Intellectual Property Rights and its related activities in the State of Sikkim vide notification no.05/DST/2013 dated 20.03.2013.

- ii. To carry out research activities in the field of IPRs.
- iii. To identify potential Intellectual Properties (IPs) of Sikkim state.
- iv. To facilitate registration of IPRs.
- v. To facilitate commercially exploitation of the IPR registered assets.
- vi. Continuous awareness activities of IPR in the Science Centre through displaying of permanent flex.

II. Patent Search Activity.

Patent search activity is going on for providing support for patent filing from the state. PIC is providing patent search facilities to all the research institutes and the colleges and universities. The centre has also created awareness and sensitized about patent search,



Figure: Display at Sikkim Science Centre Marchak

Objectives

The Patent Information Centre is engaged to work on the Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs) with the following objectives;

- i. For sensitization and awareness about IPR in Sikkim.

patent drafting and filing activities of the PIC during different programs of the Council. The PIC, Sikkim has procured 30 years patent database with bimonthly renewable version from Patent Infos Chennai. The work is under process (ongoing activity).

III. IPR Cell created by PIC, SSCS & T

Total five numbers of IPR cell has been created in the state by PIC, Sikkim State Council of science & Technology in the year 2012-13. Name of the IPR cell created are :

- Sikkim University
6th Mile, Tadong, Gangtok, East Sikkim
- College of Engineering & Post Harvest Technology (Central Agriculture University) Ranipool, East Sikkim
- Sikkim Government College,
Tadong, East Sikkim.
- Sikkim Government College,
Gayzing, West Sikkim.
- Sikkim Government College,
Rhenock, East Sikkim

IV. Geographical Indication (GI) registration

Geographical Indication registration and award of certificate from GI registry Chennai is under process. The two local items of Sikkim has been filed for Geographical Indication (GI) Registration under Geographical Indication Registration & Protection Act, 1999 & Geographical Indication Registration & Protection Rule, 2002. GI is one of the IPR, it helps to protect from other elite infringement and also help to get high value in the market commercially. (State like Sikkim has great scope for GI registration from the Agricultural and Horticultural field along in the field of Handicraft and Handlooms, etc). Presently, the GI filled following two items for registration is working with its legal formalities by Technology

Information and Forecasting Assessment Council (TIFAC), New Delhi.

The names of the two items are:-

- Sikkim Mandarin (*Sikkim Soontala*) &
- Sikkim Temi Tea (*Sikkim Temi Chiyapati*)

IV. Copyright filed.

The following two copyright has been filled by the centre:-

- Gyapo (A story)
- Kathaa (A story)

V. Plant Protection Variety & Farmers Right (PPV & FR) filed.

One local variety of rice, *Kalo Nunia* has been applied for the registration of Farmers Variety with denomination *Kailash Rana* under Plant Protection Variety & Farmers Right has (PPV & FR) Act, 2001 and Plant Protection Variety & Farmers Right, Rule 2003. This rice variety was developed by one of the progressive farmer of Sikkim. The registration has been applied to the Plant authority, PPV & FR registry, Govt. of India through Deputy Registrar, Guwahati, Branch office, PPV & FR. The seed of rice (*Oryza sativa*) has been submitted to Gene Bank, NBPGR for Genetic testing.

VI. Website maintained.

The centre has maintained its own website www.picsikkim.gov.in. The website is also ready for relaunching with new design and latest updates of PIC activities (VPN and Digital Certificated has been procured and gov.in domain is also renewed from New Delhi Govt. of India).

PIC Publications:

- The PIC has published brochure with latest updates of PIC activities.
- Publication of IPR article in the Journal of "Sikkim Biodiversity- Significance and sustainability.
- A future prospective; intellectual property rights (IPR) in Sikkim himalaya- Rajdeep Gurung, Sonam R. Lepcha, Bharat C. Basistha & Murari L. Arrawatia.
- Traditional *Lepcha* craft *Sumok-thyaktuk* (*Lepcha* Hat) and its conservation in Dzongu Tribal Reserved Area (DTRA), Sikkim, INDIA. S.R Lepcha*, R. Gurung & B. C Basistha, M.L Arrawatia.
- Concept of Geographical Indication (GI)" in the local paper of the state 'Sikkim Mail'.
- Patent an Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) in the local paper of the state 'Sikkim Mail'.
- Booklet of IPR questionnaire in local language (Nepali version) is in the press for final editing.
- IPR posters for awareness and sensitization about different legal rights in Indian IPR forum.

**TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGY
&
COMMUNICATION AND POPULARISATION
OF SCIENCE**

**The details of work carried out under the different projects are as under:
Science Awareness, Communication and Science Popularization Programme:**

1. DNA Club (DBT's Natural Resources Awareness (DNA) Clubs):

The need for inculcating a scientific ethos at a young age has been felt especially in view of the fact that today we not only need to make children scientifically aware but also need their complete participation in conserving our rich biodiversity. National Bio resource Development Board (NBDB), Department of Biotechnology (DBT), Ministry of Science and Technology, Govt. of India started a DNA Club for school children in 2009. **DNA Club is DBT's Natural Resources Awareness (DNA) Clubs for school going children.**

The clubs has been divided into two groups: VI-VIII standard and IX-XIIth standards. Each school enrolled 40-50 children per school. The contents of the activities for the groups varied. While VI-VIIIth standard, the activities would focus more on Biodiversity and Bio-resources in general, the activities for IX-XIIth standard would focus primarily on Biotechnology. The activities was defined in such a manner that they are extra-curricular, yet oriented towards the curriculum, to ensure acceptability by the school teachers. A teacher orientation programme would be a necessary component of these activities, preferably arranged by the RRAs at least once a year. Vacation Training Programme was also a part of these clubs activities. Each club was given few essential types of equipment to carry out experiments and field studies.

Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology has been identified as the REGIONAL RESOURCE AGENCY (RRA) to implement the programme in Sikkim. TERI-North Eastern Regional Centre is the PROJECT MONITORING UNIT (PMU) of the project. This programme funded by Department of Biotechnology, Government of India is being implemented in Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tripura and **Sikkim**. Thirty five schools were identified within the state for implementation of this project for support through TERI-NE Regional Centre. The duration of the project is three years.

Objectives of DNA Clubs:

- To inculcate among young students a renewed sense of appreciation for bio-resources of the country, their use and management.
- To promote deeper awareness about bio resources and to enthuse students about role of biotechnology and their sustainable utilization especially in the North- East region.
- To introduce young minds to the cutting edge of science as it interfaces with bio-resources.
- To facilitate interface between generation next and individuals and institutions of excellence in science.
- To create opportunities for DNA clubs to showcase their efforts and achievements.
- To invite bright young minds to participate in vacation programs aimed at creating a core constituency of support for conservation and sustainable management of bio-resources through use of science.

Activities related to the DNA Clubs:

The activities under the DNA clubs are proposed to be unique mix in school, out of school activities as well as interaction with eminent person engaged one way or the other with Bio-resources and Bio-technology.

Activities of Regional Resource Agency (Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology) in the schools:

- I. Lectures and discussion
- II. Field visits to study diversity
- III. Hands-on activities and action projects
- IV. Laboratory studies and experiment
- V. Visits to laboratories and institutions for demonstrations on advanced techniques in biotechnology
- VI. Competitions on various biotechnology themes
- VII. Defining tentative activity calendar.

Activities of DNA clubs in the school:

- I. Lectures by scientists, school teachers
- II. Do it yourself activities
- III. Discussion forum
- IV. Competitions on themes of Biodiversity
- V. Field visit for plant exploration and collection
- VI. Project works
- VII. Visit to research Labs and institutes
- VIII. Visit to botanical gardens and zoological parks
- IX. Exposure visit to biodiversity hotspots
- X. Vacation training programme

Role of Project Monitoring Unit TERI-NE:

- I. Charting out the yearly activities and communicating to all the schools

- II. Training of teachers
- III. Establishment of laboratories and defining activity calendar
- IV. Helping RRAs in arranging field visit and making course material
- V. DNA Club festival
- VI. Disbursement of funds to respective agencies in States
- VII. Monitor implementation of school activities
- VIII. Preparation of consolidated periodic reports for all the clubs
- IX. Conduct meetings of the RRAs of North-East
- X. Facilitating visits of committee members to monitor the work being done by each RRAs on a periodic basis.



Hon'ble Chief Minister launching the DNA Club programme During Platinum Jubilee Celebration of Namchi Sr. Sec. School
On 14th October 2009



Hon'ble Chief Minister giving away science equipments to DNA members



Hon'ble Minister Addressing the Coordinators of DNA Clubs during Valedictory Function



Secretary Science & Technology addressing the DNA Club members during inaugural session of lecture series

2. Innovation in Science Pursuit for Inspired Research (INSPIRE):

INSPIRE Programme is centrally funded flagship programme of the Department of Science & Technology, Govt. of India which is being implemented through State and UT administrations. The objective of this programme is to develop scientific temper amongst the young and to motivate them to take up scientific career for the scientific and technological advancement of the country. This programme has five components covering entire range of education and research from class VI to post doctoral stage of a student. The first component of this programme is INSPIRE Award which recognizes the talents among students at a very early stage. Each INSPIRE Awardee receives a onetime award of Rs.5000/- in his /her school carrier and with this money the awardee will be required to make a project / model which will subsequently be

displayed at the exhibition organized at various level ,including national level.

In the year 2010-11, Students from Sikkim bagged IInd and IIIrd position at the National Level Exhibition in Regional Category held at Pragati Maidan, New Delhi during 15-16th August, 2011. The winners received the awards from the President of India. Accordingly a total of 631 INSPIRE AWARDS have been distributed to various schools all over the state so far. District level and State Level Exhibition was held for these awardees to enable them to compete at National Level during 2012-13. Students received awards for state level category during National Level Exhibition cum Project Competition in August 2012 held at Pragati Maidan, New Delhi. It is now targeted to cover all schools within the state for INSPIRE Award in the year 2013-14.



Students of Sikkim receiving awards from President of India

3. National Science Day Celebration 2012

The focal theme: “Clean Energy Options and Nuclear Safety”

National Science Day is observed on February 28, every year. It is the programme of National Council of Science & Technology Communication (NCSTC), DST, New Delhi. Various activities are being organized throughout the country to generate scientific temperament among the Students/ Collegians/ General Public/etc.

With the above view the Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology had organized the launching celebration of National Science Day 2012 on Feb. 28.2012 at Sikkim Science Center, Marchak and thereafter declared to organize various activities such as District Level Quiz Competition/ Debate/ Lecture series/etc.

Accordingly District level quiz & painting competition and Lecture series was organized starting from April 2-13,2012 covering 60 schools.

The Programme (Quiz & Painting Competition and Lecture) was conducted first at Govt. Sr. Sec. School, Mangan on 02.04.2012 then followed by venue at Passingdong SS, Upper Dzongu on 3.5.2012. Next venue was to Dikiling SSS then to Modern SS and finally at Sikkim Science Center, Marchak where 5 schools participated out of 7 schools invited for the programme. Quiz was participated by the students of class IX & X and Painting was done by the Class V students.

The winners of Quiz & painting competition at the identified venues are

1. Renuka Pandey and Pankaj Kumar Gupta from Mangshila SS at Mangan SSS,
2. Savita Kumari and Ongchu Lepcha Gor SS, U. Dzongu at Passingdong SS,

3. Anish Sharma and Jiwan Giri from Sudunglakha SS at Dikiling SSS,
4. Anup Kr. Gupta and Ravi Kr. Prasad from Modern SS at Modern SS
5. Ayantika Santo and Arun Rajak from Rangpo SSS held at Sikkim Science Center in quiz competition.

The Resource Person, Dr. Rabin Chettri, HOD (Physics), Sikkim Government College and Mr. B.Kunwar, Assoc. Professor(physics dept.) presented their lecture and presentation. The lecture was based on the given theme of NSD 2012 . Both of them explained about various aspects of Clean Energy options, cost of maintenance & feasibility of Renewable sources of Energy, the functioning system of Nuclear Energy, its benefit, the effect of nuclear rays, Success and failure stories of all the sources of energy options etc.



Shri A.K.Srivastava addressing the gathering during valedictory function of NSD 2012



Lectures series during NSD 2012 on the focal theme 'Clean Energy Options and Nuclear Safety'



Hands on experiments demonstration during NSD 2012

4. State Level National Children Science Congress 2012

National Children Science Congress is the programme funded by National Council of Science & Technology Communication (NCSTC), DST, Govt. of India. The primary objective is to make a forum available to children of the age group of 10-17 years both from formal school system as well as from out of school to exhibit their creativity and innovative skills and more particularly their ability to solve a societal problem experience locally by using the method of science.

Resource Teachers Orientation Workshop was organized in November 9-10, 2012 at Sikkim Science Centre and attended by 38 Science Teachers from various schools of the state. The given theme for this year and 2012 was 'ENERGY: EXPLORE, HARNESS & CONSERVE' with six sub themes based on focal theme.

- I. Energy Resources
- II. Energy Systems
- III. Energy & Society
- IV. Energy & Environment
- V. Energy Management & Conservation
- VI. Energy Planning & Modelling

Additional Director, Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology and Dr. B. C. Kusre, Associate Professor, College of Agriculture Engineering & Post Harvest Technology,

Marchak, Ranipool, Dr. Bhakta Kunwar, Senior Lecturer, Sikkim Government College and Associate Professore from Sikkim University were the Master Resource Person during the Workshop.

The State Level 19th National Children Science Congress was organized by Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology in the month of December 10, 2012. Total of Fifteen Projects were selected from the entire four districts to present at State Level Children Science Congress. Best project were selected from Chujachen Senior Secondary School, Namchi Girls Senior Secondary School, Temi Senior Secondary School National Level Children Science Congress was held at Banaras Hindu University, Benares December 27-31.



State Level National Children Science Congress 2012 programme at Sikkim Science Centre, Marchak.

5. Environmental Information System (ENVIS) centre on Eco-tourism:

The Ministry of Environment & Forests, Government of India has provided Environmental Information System (ENVIS) Centre on **Eco tourism theme for the whole country at Sikkim State Council of Science & Technology**. This Centre has taken up various activities for promotion of Eco-Tourism and also publishes ENVIS newsletter on Eco-Tourism regularly. A website www.scstsenvis.nic.in provides various information's on Eco-Tourism. The project is funded by the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India. The Center is functioning since December 2000.

ENVIS is a decentralized system using the distributed network of data bases to ensure integration of national efforts in environmental information collection, storage, retrieval and dissemination to all concerned including policy planners, decision makers, research workers and the public.

The Objectives of the ENVIS Centre are as given below:

1. Long-term objectives:

- to build up a repository and dissemination centre in Environmental Science and Engineering.
- to gear up the modern technologies of acquisition, processing, storage, retrieval and dissemination of information of environmental nature; and
- to support and promote research, development and innovation in environmental information technology.

2. Short-term objectives:

- to provide national environmental information service relevant to present needs and capable of development to meet the future needs of the users, originators, processors and disseminators of information;

- to build up storage, retrieval and dissemination capabilities with the ultimate objectives of disseminating information speedily to the users;
- to promote, national and international cooperation and liaison for exchange of environment related information;
- to promote, support and assist education and personnel training programmes designed to enhance environmental information processing and utilisation capabilities;
- to promote exchange of information amongst developing countries.

3. The responsibilities of the ENVIS Centre on Ecotourism are:

- Establishment of linkages with all information sources, and creation of data bank on selected parameters in the subject area assigned.
- Identification of information gaps.
- Publish newsletters and Bulletins.
- Develop library facility and provide support to the focal point on the subject area.

Most importantly serve as interface for the users on the assigned subject.

Activity Report of the ENVIS Centre Sikkim on Ecotourism for 2012-2013:

1. Database on the parameters specified by the Ministry as Status of Eco-tourism, Flora and Fauna and Research and Literature has been worked upon and new information on these parameters updated regularly in our website www.scstsenvis.nic.in for proper dissemination.
2. Information also in the form of monthly news clippings collected from local and national dailies/internet/books and magazines, ecotourism events worldwide has

been updated in the website with a linkage to their websites, case studies and articles on ecotourism and other issues pertaining to the ecotourism of the country. 3. Information pertaining to the tourism of the state is updated as and when available thus assisting the tourism of the state towards information dissemination on a national level. 4. The ENVIS homepage has been redesigned and made more dynamic with adding more photos on the photo gallery and bringing changes to make it more users friendly. 5. The Centre has brought out a newsletter addressing issues related to climate change and tourism and health tourism and also a compilation of abstracts from research papers on Ecotourism of India. 6. Important linkages to the tourism websites of the country and the state as well have been given in the ENVIS homepage. 7. The queries coming to the Centre in the form of emails, telephone, letters or personal visits has been effectively responded and books from the ENVIS library has been effectively made use of thus assisting the research	workers, students and the general public in the area. 8. The infrastructure of the Centre has been upgraded rendering benefits on the usage of facilities to the visitors and various research papers on Eco-tourism have been collected for reference. 9. The Centre mainly focused on the village tourism and the tourism infrastructure in the national as well as state level during the year. Specific achievements made by the Centre towards ENVIS objectives ➤ The Centre has built a repository for information dissemination through its website and its publications in the form of Newsletters, Abstract volumes, books etc. ➤ The Centre has maintained a good collection of books in the ENVIS library in the concerned thematic area. ➤ The Centre has effectively responded to the queries that comes in the form of e-mails, telephone calls or personal visits. ➤ Thus the Centre has played a significant role in helping out the research workers, students, policy planners and those in the field through information dissemination.
6. Bio-Informatics infrastructure Facility (BIF) for the Biology Teaching through Bio Informatics(BTBI) under BTISnet DBT at Sikkim Science Centre, Marchak Activities of BIF at Sikkim Science Centre: i. Developing the website to creating awareness of biotechnology through bioinformatics. ii. Development of interactive information and interpretation kiosk with visuals on different facets of biodiversity of Sikkim iii. Collection, collation, compilation & dissemination of biotechnology related Information to students. iv. Nature interpretation facility about wild sanctuary and Nature Park. v. Development of interactive computer based	quizzes on bio resources of Sikkim. vi. Web links to Biotechnology research centre and state of the art institute around the country for research prospects. vii. Display and Visual tour of biological processes in interactive ways with multimedia. viii. Environmental awareness through short documentaries. ix. Generating awareness about recent advancement in the field of biotechnology and nanotechnology.

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| x. Awareness and visual tour in Human Genome Project, robotics, genetics telemedicine, instrumentation etc. | xi. Web links to DBT website, ENVIS, Sub DISCs, DST websites etc. |
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7. Extension of Sikkim Science Centre and Construction of 8meter dia Planetarium

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Sikkim Science Centre is one of the important facilities created for communication, popularization and outreach of science and technology in the State. This Centre has been set up at Marchak, East Sikkim with the support of National Council of Science Museums, Government of India. It was inaugurated and dedicated to the people of Sikkim on 22nd February, 2008 by the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Sikkim. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Further extension of Sikkim Science Centre has also been taken up with the support of National Council of Science Museums, Government of India. This will include 8 meter diameter Planetarium as well as thematic galleries on recent advances in science and learning science through fun, 3D theatre, space & biotechnology gallery. The works for extension of centre and planetarium is expected to be completed by October 2013. |
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Sikkim Science Centre, Marchak

8. Construction of Technology Bhawan at Deorali, Gangtok:

For the development of Science & Technology in the State, construction of Science & Technology Bhawan at Deorali, Gangtok with modern and	state of the art facilities is expect to be completed by mid 2013.
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CLIMATE CHANGE INITIATIVES

North-East Climate Change Adaptation Programme (NECCAP) for Sikkim:

- **Preparation of Project Design Document for submission to KfW, Germany (Financial Cooperation):**

Background

Following the Feasibility Study of the proposals presented by the five states including Sikkim, the KfW Mission and the State government agreed on the framework for implementation of NECCAP in Sikkim (Minutes of Meeting, October 2010). The MoM outlined the broad focus and the structure, and highlighted the need to elaborate the feasible climate-change relevant proposals / measures in the form of Project Design Document (PDD). A team of consultant was appointed by KfW to assist the nodal agency in each state for the purpose.

A multi-department core team constituted by the nodal agency (DSTCC) constituting representatives of DSTCC; RMDD; FSADD, HCCDD, FEWD, and SIMFED discussed and finalized the project design. For the purpose a series of core team meetings, department level meetings and district as well as cluster level stakeholder consultations were undertaken between Dec 11, 2011 and Feb 17, 2012 with the help of the KfW Consultant.

Broad Features of NECCAP

- Programme Area: **5 States (Sikkim, Meghalaya, Assam, Mizoram, Nagaland)**
- Total Financial Cooperation (FC): **Euro 76 million (INR 456 Crore)**
- Initial FC Commitment for each State: **Euro 5 million (INR 30 Crore)**
- Programme Duration: **7 years**
- Nodal Agency: **Ministry of DONER (Central); Sikkim Council for Science & Technology (for Sikkim)**
- FC by KfW supported with **additional**

investment through Technical Cooperation (GIZ)

- Focus on sectors, regions and target groups which are most vulnerable to climate change
- Mixed Portfolio: **Micro-plan based Interventions** as well as **Stand-alone Investments; CCA-proofed topping-up** of ongoing government programmes
- Stakeholder Contribution: **GoS 15%, GoI / DoNER 10%, Beneficiaries (5-30%)**

Goal and Objectives of NECCAP Sikkim

NECCAP seeks to contribute to the implementation of National Action Plan for Climate Change (NAPCC), its related missions and State Action Plan for Climate Change (SAPCC).

Goal: Strengthen adaptive capacities of the target (rural) communities and reduce their vulnerability to climate change through sustainable Climate Change Adaptation (CCA) measures.

Objectives:

1. Develop and implement an integrated and participatory community-based process for planning and implementation of sustainable CCA measures.
2. Improve the natural resource base to reduce vulnerabilities associated with water scarcity and agriculture-based livelihood in selected clusters.
3. Improve livelihood security through climate proof and diversified agriculture and improved marketing infrastructure for farm products. .
4. Improve capacities for planning, implementing, and monitoring CCA measures through capacity building and knowledge management.

Proposed Project Areas for NECCAP Sikkim

NECCAP proposes to focus on most climate change vulnerable regions, sectors and population in the state. Based on findings of earlier studies South and West districts were agreed upon as potential project districts. The Core Team

identified 15 Gram Panchayat Units (GPUs) falling in the Darjeeling rain shadow, divided in three clusters for implementation of NECCAP in Sikkim with focus on reducing vulnerabilities associated with water and agriculture sectors.



	Cluster 1: Seti-Kannam Khola	Cluster 2: Reshi Khola	Cluster 3: Tendong	Total
District	South	West	South	
Block	Namthang	Kaluk	Namchi	
No. of GPU	3	4	8	15
No. of Wards	21	22	45	87
No. of HH	1439	1921	6294	9654
% BPL	30%	36%	17%	23%
Area (ha.)	4279	4199	6445	14923
% Farm Land	41%	69%	71%	62%
% of Population dependent on farming	65%	64%	46%	53%

Proposed Investments <i>Microplan Based Investments</i>		
Component	Activities	Scope
A. Enhancing Rural Water Security through Rain Water Harvesting, Spring Revival and Strengthening Water Storage Infrastructure	Spring Recharge Groundwater recharge to	50 Springs
	improve base flow in streams	675 ha
	Household Tanks	1000 Tanks
	Community Tanks	100 Tanks
	Village Tanks	5 Tanks
B. Climate Secure and Climate Adapted Farming Practices	Promotion of CC resilient crops Bench terracing Rural / Vermi / EM Composting Green Manure (Azolla) Reclamation of Acidic Soils	20% of farm land
	Integrated Pest Management	15 GPUs
	Drip & Sprinkler Irrigation	750 + 150 Units
	Greenhouse	350 Units / 7 GPUs
C. Biodiversity & Water Resource Conservation Through Oak Forest Rehabilitation	Oak Plantation	600 ha.
TOTAL FOR MICROPLAN BASED INTERVENTIONS		

Stand-alone Investments

Component	Activities
D. Improved Livelihood Security	
1. Marketing Infrastructure for Value Addition to Farm Products	Study on value chain and market development
	Market Intelligence Cell
	Primary Agri Marketing Centres (8)
	Secondary Agri Marketing Centres (3)
	Transport facility
	Multi-chamber cold storage (2)
	Brand development
	Training & Capacity Building
Total SIMFED	
2. Improved Infrastructure & Arrangements for Procurement of Milk	Strengthening lab facilities
	Bulk Cooling Facilities
	Transport Facilities
	Chaff cutters
	Estb. Village milk collection centres (110)
	Milk Collection Utensils
	Milk Transportation Cans
	Training & Capacity Building
TOTAL SIKKIM MILK	

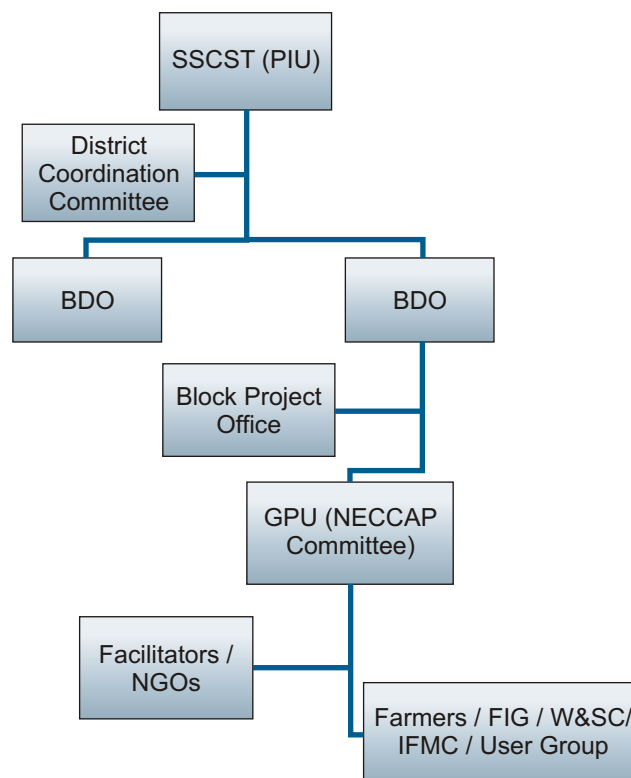
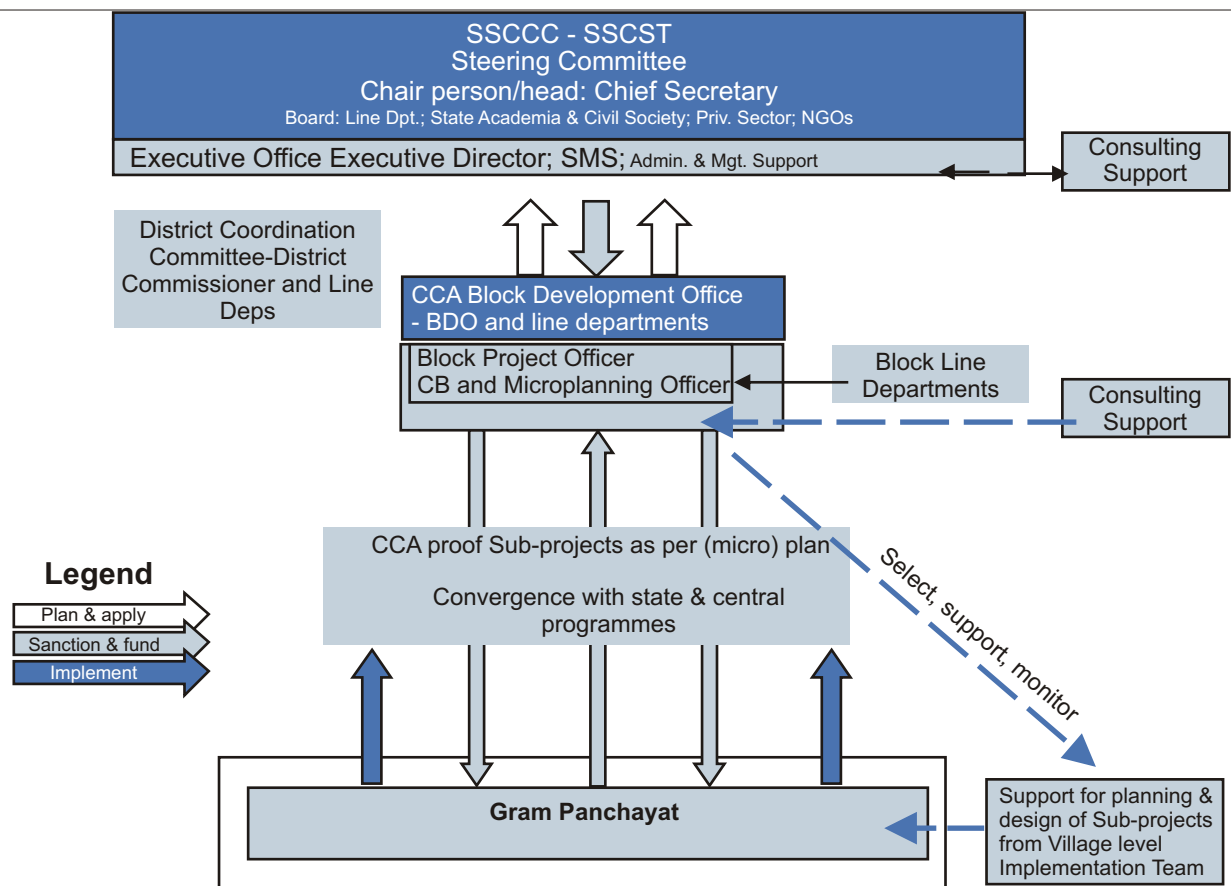
Other Proposed Investments

- Entry Point Activities
- Climate Change Adaptation Innovation Fund
- Studies and Action Research
 - Weather Indexed Crop Insurance
 - Rehabilitation of Lakes
 - Harnessing streams for domestic use and irrigation
 - Value chain development for CC resilient crops
- Capacity Building & Training for stakeholders
- Knowledge Management

NECCAP Implementation Structure

To implement the programme, a Project Implemented Unit (PIU) would be established

with experts deputed from line departments as well as recruited from market. The PIU would report to Secretary, SSSCST. At the district level a District Coordination Committee (DCC) under the chairmanship of District Collector and with representation of relevant departments would be created to approve the microplans and monitor the implementation of the programme. The BDO office would have the main responsibility for field implementation of micro-plan based investments in collaboration with staff of relevant line departments. It would be supported by a Block Project Office with staff recruited from the market for the purpose of the project. GPU would be the basic unit for microplanning and implementation under the supervision of the BDO / BPO. Existing community based institutions would be involved in planning and implementation process.



Detailed Planning & Project Design Document Drafting

- Core Team Meetings (4)
- Cluster level Stakeholder Consultations (2)
- GPU level Community Consultations (4)
- District Consultation Meetings (2)
- Department level meetings to refine investment proposals wrt Climate Change Adaptation focus and design (15)
- Collection and analysis of secondary data on clusters, proposed investments, and on going development programmes.

Preparation of State Action Plan for Climate Change (SAPCC):

Preparation of State Action Plan for Climate Change has been completed and approved by Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India.

● Entry Point Activities on Climate Change with GIZ, Germany

GIZ CCA NER initiatives in Sikkim (Technical Cooperation)

- 1 Assessing the hydrological potential of Tendong Mountain and preparation of Village Water Security Plan, South Sikkim in coordination with the RMDD.
- 2 Study on Sacred preserves of Sikkim: Enhancing their Significance in Kabi, Phensong Monastery and Labrang Monastery, in coordination with the Forest Department.
- 3 Number of Trainings has also been provided as below;
 - a) Climate Change Adaption and disaster risk management training to two media persons of Sikkim at Shillong.
 - b) Master Resource Person training on “Climate Change adaptation Disaster Risk Management and Biodiversity” at New Delhi to two officials each from Forest, Science & Technology, Land Revenue Department, Simfed etc.
 - c) Training on Management of Ground Water at ACWADAM, Pune etc.

Project: Cane/Rattan Conservation and Promotion of Cane handicrafts for Sustainable Livelihood

In order to revive dwindling population of canes to its original glory State Council of Science & Technology has initiated a project titled “*Cane/Rattan Conservation and Promotion of Cane handicrafts for Sustainable Livelihood*” funded by the Dept. of Science & Technology, Govt. of India. The team working under the Cane project has been successful in locating 6 species within Sikkim viz. *Calamusacanthospathus* (Gauribeth), *Calamusinermis* (Bruhl), *Calamus flagellum*, *Pelctocomia Himalayana* (phakrey), *Daemonoropsjenkisiana* from Dzongu region and *Calamus erectus* (rhim) from Sangkhola.

OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT:

Creation of Cane propagation nursery.

- Introduction of improved techniques for propagation of cane through seeds.
- Value addition and diversification of local traditional cane products for sustainable livelihood.
- Awareness generation and conservation of cane species through training of farmers.
- Creation of “*Germplasm*” for rattan diversity of Sikkim.
- Formation of a Co-operative Society of Tribal of the Region and transfer of equipments/

assets to the Society after completion of the Project

ACTIVITIES UNDER THE PROJECT:

- A three day training programme on Cane Propagation and its value addition was held at Hee-Gyathang, Lower Dzongu, North Sikkim with participants involving Self- help Groups, NGOss, progressive farmers and craftsmen of Dzongu.
- Introduction of newly created machine on Cane & Bamboo treatment 'JAGRUTI' by the R.F.R.I, Assam with distribution of advanced tools to 35 trainees.
- A trial propagation on *Calamusacanthospathus* and *Calamuserectus* is being initiated at Sajong, Rumtekat Sikkim Sate Bio-technology Research and Application Centre.
- Two numbers of research articles on Cane has been published in research compiled book named “Sikkim Biodiversity (Significance and Sustainability).”
- A short research article on distribution and diversity of *Calamusinermis*, endemic to Sikkim is already accepted for publication.



a.) Introduction of newly introduced Cane Treatment Technique “Jagruti”



b.) Field survey by the Project Staffs.

Documentation of the Ethno-Veterinary and its Formulations in Sikkim Himalayas:

Objective of the project

1. Resource survey and documentation of the ethno-veterinary and its formulations.
2. Database creation on ethno-veterinary and its formulation.
3. Awareness generation on ethno-veterinary amongst the tribal of the reserved areas
4. Creation of Digital library for ethno-veterinary.

- 1) The execution of the project is being initiated with the field survey cum documentation of ethno-veterinary practices and its formulations of all parts of Sikkim. During research survey numerous ethno-veterinary practices and its formulation has been recorded for the three ethnic communities of Sikkim viz. *Lepcha*, *Bhutia*, *Nepalese*. These informants were mainly traditional healers, *Jhakris*, *Bijuwas*, farmers and other elderly persons.
- 2) Total 150 villages are covered under four districts and more than 200 traditional

practitioners have been successfully interviewed and the informant's audio visual record of these practitioners has been made accordingly. The plant which is being used for the veterinary purposes is completely recorded with its basic formulations.

- 3) Collection of specimen and the herbarium sheets is being created. Additional data base is being updated. The digitization of data base is already being initiated of 200 species.
- 4) Till now 90% of the area of the state has been covered for the documentation of the ethno-veterinary practices and its formulations. Many of the uses especially plants species as traditional treatment for cattle are recorded for the first time, which deserves to be patented for the benefit of the farmers.
- 5) The field records and other allied information are being converted into a digital based library for wide range of use. The complete report of the project will also be publishing in a hard copy book.



Plate 1: A village women treating her cattle traditionally



Plate2: Local practitioner demonstrating the local at Assam-Lingzey *Costusspeciosus* use in treatment of cattle.